



2022 Rule Book

LOUISIANA RODEO COWBOYS ASSOCIATION

Be it known that we do hereby voluntarily associate ourselves together for the purpose of forming, in compliance with the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes, 12:201-269, a corporation not for profit, do hereby certify:

NAME OF THIS CORPORATION shall be the Louisiana Rodeo Cowboys Association

- To encourage rodeos to comply with standards established by this Association in order to obtain official recognition and sanction.
- To sponsor contest events and championships among members.
- To carry on any and all activities within the scope and purpose of this organization, except such as may be deemed as political and religious.

Officers of this corporation shall consist or a President, Vice President, and Directors for each event. A Secretary/Treasurer shall be appointed by the President and approved by the Executive Committee.

ARTICLE I.

The name and title of this corporation is Louisiana Rodeo Cowboys Association, Inc.

ARTICLE II.

The principal office of this corporation is located at 1232 Old Plain Dealing Rd, Benton, LA 71006.

ARTICLE III.

Cindy Emerson, whose address is 1232 Old Plain Dealing Rd., Benton, LA 71006, is hereby appointed the current registered agent of this corporation.

ARTICLE IV.

The purpose and powers, for which this corporation is organized, are:

To have and to exercise any and all powers, rights, and privileges, which a Corporation organized under the Non-Profit Corporation Law of the State of Louisiana by law, may now or hereafter have or exercise.

ARTICLE V.

This corporation shall be organized without capital stock, and membership shall be evidenced by certificate or card of membership.

1. Active members shall comprise persons living in the Ark-La-Tex area and who shall pay the required dues.
2. Honorary members shall be citizens of the United States, who may be selected by the Board of Directors, being persons who are interested in the work and welfare of this corporation and this community.

Each active member shall have one (1) vote. The individual and personal liability of the members of the corporation shall be limited to the payment of such contributions as they may pledge and the amount of their dues assessed them as long as they are members.

ARTICLE VI.

The corporate powers of this corporation, subject to the limitations of the Charter and the law, shall be vested in and exercised by a Board of nine (9) directors, composed of members. The officers of this corporation shall be a President, a Vice-President, and a Secretary.

ARTICLE IX.

The Directors of this corporation shall have the authority to make and alter such by-laws as may be deemed necessary, not inconsistent with law of this Charter, such by-laws to be subject to change or repeal by a majority of the members.

ARTICLE X.

The existence of this corporation is perpetual.

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ORGANIZATIONAL RULES

1. A minimum of \$100.00 per event/per end in the team roping (\$900.00) must be added at any LRCA rodeo, unless otherwise approved by the board. Team Roping is considered two events and therefore must have added money on both ends, which will be the same as all other timed events.
2. The rodeo committee and/or sponsor will be responsible for securing per event/per end added money in addition to production cost for any LRCA rodeo.
3. Six percent of total prize money (excluding the \$5.00 call in fee) in each event will be returned to the LRCA for operating expenses. Payoff will be figured from amount after all association deductions.
4. Each LRCA sanctioned rodeo will have two timers and a secretary who have a current LRCA membership card. The rodeo secretary may not be one of the timekeepers.
5. When the LRCA is affiliated with other associations, the LRCA will accept their contestants' cards by mutual agreement.
6. Any person suing or attempting to sue the LRCA will be banned from the LRCA permanently.
7. The LRCA will have one rookie cowboy or cowgirl in each event for the year. To be eligible for rookie of the year awards, the contestant shall have never held any amateur or pro rodeo association card. All junior high/high school members are rookie eligible throughout their high school career, unless they win the rookie award. It is the contestant's responsibility to check rookie eligibility on the membership application. If a contestant is winning rookie of the year and qualified to compete at the finals and does not enter and compete at the finals, he/she forfeits the right to awards and title and they will go to the next qualified person competing at the finals. If the rookie is not finals eligible they will be awarded rookie of the year if they meet all other requirements. If a rookie, competing at the finals is injured and unable to finish competition or if they are injured and unable to compete at the finals they will still be eligible for rookie title and awards with proper documentation of injury or illness.
8. Members in good standing will receive credit for every dollar won during the year, but at the finals only, ground money will be excluded from the standings. The member meeting all finals eligibility criteria, competing at the finals and with the most money won will be the event champion. Contestants competing at the finals without all qualifications (rodeo count, etc.) are not eligible to be the event champion or receive year-end awards. Member is defined as a contestant in good standing who has presented a completed, signed membership application, a signed notarized minor's release, if applicable, and paid his or her membership dues prior to completion of the rodeo. If a minor does not have the proper signed, notarized minor's release at the time, they present their membership application they will not be allowed to compete until it is received.
9. In order to be the all-around champion a contestant must compete in two or more events and have a minimum of \$500.00 per event won, and meet finals eligibility criteria in one event (8 LRCA first approved rodeos/5 rough stock) and competed in a second event at a minimum of four LRCA first approved rodeos during that rodeo year. The member with the most money won meeting the two or more-event requirement, finals eligibility requirements, and competing at the finals will be the All-Around Champion.
10. There will be a Men's All-Around Champion and a Ladies All Around Champion.
11. Worthless checks will be repaid to the LRCA for the amount of the check plus a \$25.00 fee.
12. All members must be in good standing and all outstanding fines and/or fees must be paid prior to entering a LRCA sanctioned rodeo. Payments are to be paid by cash or money order to the association secretary.

MEMBERSHIP REQUIREMENTS AND/OR PRIVILEGES

CONDUCT: All contesting members will at all times conduct themselves in an exemplary manner upholding the association purpose, and rules, and shall present themselves in a neat, clean, and orderly cowboy or cowgirl manner. By

entering any event covered by the rules of the LRCA, contestant assumes and accepts the full risk and danger of injury and/or damages to the person and property and further waives the LRCA, its officers and directors from any and all claims for damages, which may arise.

Member is defined as a contestant in good standing who has presented a completed signed membership application and a signed notarized minor's release, if applicable, and paid his or her membership dues prior to competition in the rodeo. Only when these conditions are met will the contestant receive credit for money won and the rodeo in the standings. Any LRCA member and/or contestant will be responsible for his/her conduct to the LRCA Executive Committee in the vicinity of a LRCA sanctioned event or rodeo.

1. The Barrel Racing and Breakaway Roping events are limited to entries by women only, as demonstrated by the contestant's original birth certificate. Please be advised that you may be required to provide a copy of a valid picture ID, Driver's License, etc. and a Certified copy of your Birth Certificate to compete. Contestants under the age of 18 must also present a signed, notarized, minor's release in order to compete.
2. When contestant numbers are furnished all participants must wear the number to enter the arena and to receive their stock. Anyone without a number may be excluded from the arena. Participants must wear their numbers in a place visible to the Judges and spectators.
3. Contestants shall ride in grand entry if needed or requested to do so.
4. All contestants shall cooperate with producers and ride in the grand entry whenever possible. Barrel racers and breakaway ropers will carry flags or set pivots for grand entry when called upon, provided stock contractor provides a horse.
5. Contestants will cooperate when called upon by association officials to represent the association's interests regarding enforcement of the rules at any approved rodeo or in any matter of official business.
6. Long sleeve (sleeves rolled down), buttoned down (full front closure) shirts with a collar, hat/helmet, and boots must be worn in the arena by all contestants, during all performances and slack. This includes the grand entry.
7. All contestants, anyone assisting a contestant, and workers must adhere to dress code anytime they are in the arena, alley, or box. Safety related devices, such as helmets, are considered western attire.
8. All LRCA members and permit contestants shall read and know the prevailing rules of each individual rodeo. Failure to know the rules will not be accepted as an excuse.
9. Contestants must be on hand to answer the call of the Arena Director and must comply with all other rules of the management of each particular contest or exhibition held under the auspices of the LRCA as long as they do not conflict with the LRCA rules.
10. Contestants may be disqualified, fined, or both for any of the following offenses:
 - Being under the influence of liquor in the arena.
 - Fighting or quarreling in the arena.
 - Refusing to contest during a paid performance on the animal drawn for him/her, at the discretion of the stock producer.
 - Not being ready to compete when being called upon.
 - Cheating or attempting to cheat.
 - Not wearing proper attire for competition as described above when in the arena. This includes judges, stock producers, and personnel.
 - Talking to the flagman or timekeepers while events are in progress.
 - Issuing worthless checks.
 - Failure to pay hotel bill
 - Nonpayment of entry fees

- Attempting to fix, threaten, bribe, influence, or annoy the judges at any time between the opening and closing dates of a rodeo in or out of the arena. Violations shall be reported to the LRCA board by the judge or judges involved.
 - Conduct, speech, or actions detrimental to the LRCA or the sport of rodeo.
 - Failure to abide by the Articles of Incorporation and/or rules of the LRCA.
11. Any contestant refusing to compete on an animal drawn for him/her or turning out during a performance, will be disqualified and there will be an automatic fine of \$50.00.
 - Contestants will not be disqualified for refusing to compete on stock drawn for him/her or turning out at any time except during a ~~paid~~ performance but there will be an automatic fine of \$35.00.
 - Paid Contestants turning out stock at any time except during a paid performance will receive a no time or no score for that go round, but will be eligible to compete on all other stock. Such contestants will not be eligible for average money in the event in which he/she has refused to compete or turned out stock.
 - Contestants must make an honest effort to compete on the stock drawn for him/her. If an honest effort is not made a disqualification may result.
 - Disqualification of a contestant occurs only as the result of a judge's decision.
 - Only a contestant /member in good standing can file a complaint. Contestant /Member complaints should be presented to an event director or officer at the conclusion of the rodeo performance. If a satisfactory result is not achieved, the contestant/member may call a meeting with all officers and directors. In all cases of dispute, the rodeo will proceed without delay under current LRCA rules.
 - Any contestant/member/person arguing with the judges or causing an altercation in the arena will be disqualified from the go round and banned from the arena and future LRCA rodeos until further notice.
 12. A suspended contestant/member is not eligible to enter and/or participate in any way at another LRCA rodeo, until he/she pays all outstanding fees and fines to the LRCA office and secures confirmation that they have once again attained good standing.
 13. LRCA Hall of Fame members, who were granted a lifetime membership upon induction, will have their lifetime membership revoked for misconduct or failure to abide by the current rules. The lifetime member will not be eligible to participate, produce, work, or be in the arena at any LRCA ground rule rodeo until such time as the fines are paid and the member has once again attained good standing.
 14. Fines will be imposed at the discretion of the board and/or judges. The minimum fine will be \$25.00 and the maximum fine will be \$500.00, unless otherwise determined by the officers and board. The list of ineligible contestant/members will be posted on the website and provided to person's responsible for taking entries for entry purposes.

SOCIAL MEDIA POLICY

1. The LRCA believes the engagement provided through social media platforms benefit the organization, enhance the fan enjoyment, and generally promote the sport of rodeo. To maintain the integrity of the membership, the LRCA developed a social media policy.
2. This policy is intended to serve as a guideline to help the LRCA maintain popularity and achieve growth.
3. We encourage the continued use of social media by the LRCA membership, and fans to promote the LRCA and the sport of rodeo in a positive way. Posts with negative content about sanctioned events, members, or the association will not be allowed on LRCA pages.
4. LRCA marks including logos and tag lines may not be used in any way that portrays any post or video as an official communication for the Louisiana Rodeo Cowboys Association.

5. Video clips collected at LRCA rodeos are for personal use only and may not be sold, repurposed or otherwise used for commercial purposes without LRCA consent.
6. Content of videos should be positive in nature and promote the LRCA and the sport of rodeo.
7. No video should display content that has inappropriate content, is derogatory or insensitive, could constitute harassment or violence, or is in violation of local, state, or federal laws or regulations.

TELEVISION/MEDIA RULES

The LRCA retains all rights in and to the filming, taping, recording in any media now or hereafter known, still footage/photography, radio or television broadcasting or reproduction in any manner or from thereof of any LRCA sanctioned event. This footage/photography may be used in the promotion of events by news/media outlets and posters with consent of the LRCA.

PHOTOGRAPERS

Only LRCA member photographers are permitted to shoot from inside the arena and behind the chutes (on the chute platform). Proper western attire is recommended. Cowboy hats are not required.

Any secondary, non-editorial or commercial use of any picture/image, film, or drawing of a LRCA sanctioned event or competitor is prohibited without consent from the LRCA, photographer, and contestant.

MEMBERSHIP DUES AND FISCAL YEAR

Dues shall be established by the Board of Directors. The LRCA fiscal year for membership purposes is from the membership rodeo to membership rodeo, subject to change. Contestant points will be earned from published beginning dates through the published end date at the conclusion of the LRCA finals.

1. The Board of Directors reserves the right to refuse membership to anyone with just cause.
2. Membership will be open to any reliable person interested in contesting/performing in rodeos, rodeo events, producing rodeos, or to any person interested in the advancement of rodeos, provided their application is accepted. Membership cards may be purchased through the LRCA office or from the rodeo secretary at any LRCA rodeo.
3. A contestant must be a member in good standing prior to competition in the first performance he or she is entered in order for the rodeo to count and points to be awarded for money won.
 - Member is defined as a contestant in good standing who has presented a completed signed membership application and a signed notarized minor's release, if applicable, and paid his or her membership dues prior to competition in the rodeo. Only when these conditions are met will the contestant receive credit for rodeo and money won in the standings.
4. All LRCA competing membership cards are \$150.00 regardless of age.
 - a. Anyone under 18 years of age must have a notarized parent's signature on a minor release before being allowed to compete in the rodeo. This must be filed in the office and renewed each year prior to competition.
5. LRCA members will be entitled to two vet or doctor releases per year. Contestants using a vet or doctor release will be released from all rodeos that week/weekend. Vet or Doctor Release must be received in the office within five days after completion of the rodeo to avoid being fined as a turn out.
6. Any member entered in an event twice or in more than one event, who is injured on their first head of stock, or first event at the rodeo and deemed unable to compete on their second head of stock or in their second event, will be a Visible Injury Release, have their fees returned to them for the event or head of stock they are unable to compete in or on and be removed from the payout calculations in that event. (i.e.: bull rider entered twice is injured during his first ride and unable to compete on his second bull return the fees to him for the second ride and reduce the payout by one contestant; contestant is entered in Steer Wrestling and Calf Roping contestant is injured in Steer Wrestling and unable to compete in Calf Roping return the \$100.00 for Calf Roping fees to the contestant and reduce the Calf Roping payout by one.)

7. LRCA non-competing membership cards are \$50.00.
 - Non-competing cards must be purchased by all Announcers, Producers, Secretaries, Time Keepers, Pick-Up Men, Bullfighters, Contract Acts, and Judges.
 - Stock Contractors/Producers are responsible for insuring any contract personnel working their rodeos have a current membership card. Failure to insure they have or purchase card will result in producer being responsible for cost of cards plus \$25.00 fine. The producer is responsible for the actions of the people hired to work their rodeo.
 - Non-competing cardholders cannot compete in any of the rodeo events without paying a \$10 permit fee or paying an additional \$100.00 for a competing membership.
 - Any of the above listed positions must purchase the traditional membership card if they want to compete in any of the rodeo events.
15. Lifetime members will be selected each year at the discretion of the board of directors based on length of service, member's age, competing status, and other pertinent information. If the lifetime member would like a card, they must complete the proper paperwork, present it to the office, and request the card from the association. Lifetime membership will be revoked for misconduct or failure to abide by the current rules. The lifetime member will not be eligible to participate, produce, work, or be in the arena at any LRCA ground rule rodeo until such time as the fines are paid and the member has once again attained good standing.

NOMINATION AND ELECTION OF OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

1. A nomination form link will be published on the association's official website during the nomination period. Each current member in good standing may nominate officers, contract act director, and a director for their event(s), by completing the nomination form on the published link.
2. In order to receive a nomination for president of the LRCA the member must have served a full term as an officer or director on the board. No stock contractor may hold the office of President.
3. No director may serve on the LRCA board while on another rodeo associations board of directors.
 - a. Nominations will be taken at a specified time prior to the finals each year.
 - b. A maximum of three candidates, who receive the highest number of multiple nominations shall be placed on the ballot, after the association secretary has confirmed the willingness of said nominees to serve if elected.
 - c. Three members or less shall be nominated for the office of president, vice-president, and directors for each event, contract act, and stock contractor.
 - d. Election of officers and directors will be alternated on a two-year rotation in order to ensure that some past officers and directors will be available to explain any pending business. The officers and event directors will alternate as follows:
 - Even year elections will include: Vice-President, and directors of calf roping, team roping-heading, team roping-heeling, bareback riding, bull riding, breakaway roping, and stock contractor.
 - Odd years elections will include: President and directors of steer wrestling, saddle bronc riding, contract acts, judging, and barrel racing.
4. No candidate's name shall appear on the ballot for more than one office. If a nominee is nominated for more than one office, he/she shall inform the secretary prior to voting of his/her preference on the ballot. If nominee fails to inform secretary of their preference, his/her name shall appear for the office in which he/she has the highest number of nominations. The nominee with the next highest number of nominations will appear on the ballot where the withdrawal occurs.
5. After the candidates are nominated and compiled, their names will be published and voting will occur during a specified time period electronically through an independent third party. All voting for officers, directors, stock of

the year, and finals personnel will be handled in this manner, completed by an established deadline and the results will be compiled and submitted to the named association designee.

6. A member may vote for directors, personnel, and stock only in the events in which he/she competes. All eligible members may vote for president, vice-president, contract act director and judging director.
7. The receipt of a majority of votes cast will elect all Officers and Directors. In the event of a tie vote, there will be a second vote taken for that position. In the event of a second tie vote, the executive committee shall determine the winner.
8. If a board member resigns their position, the board will appoint a replacement to complete the remainder of the term of the vacated position.
9. If a board member misses two consecutive meetings without approval of the president, he/she may be removed from the board and a replacement selected by the board to complete the members term. Excuses can be granted by the president for illness, deaths, or other unavoidable causes as determined by the president.

ELECTED OFFICERS AND DUTIES

The officers of the association shall be as follows: President, Vice-President, Secretary-Treasurer, and board of directors chosen from saddle bronc riding, bareback riding, barrel racing, calf roping, breakaway roping, steer wrestling, team roping-heading, team roping-heeling, bull riding, contract acts, judging, and stock contractors.

1. Board of Directors: the legislative or rule making powers of the association shall be held by the board of directors. The board of directors shall have supervision over the business affairs of the association with the power to make, adopt, alter, or amend the bylaws as hereinafter specified. The board of directors may make all rules in which it considers necessary to carry out the purpose of the organization and or all contracts incidental thereof.
 - a. All officers and directors shall serve without salary, except the secretary-treasurer.
 - b. Any officer of the association will have the authority to represent the association at any event or conduct business in the absence of the duly elected director.
 - c. Officers and directors may be removed at any time with or without cause by a majority vote of the board of directors.
 - d. Resignation of officers and directors must be presented to the board of directors.
 - e. The board of directors may fill any vacancy among the officers and directors by vote of the majority at any meeting. Such election will be for the unexpired term.
2. President
 - a. The president shall preside at all meetings of the LRCA and the board of directors
 - b. In the absence or disability of the president, the vice president shall perform his duties.
 - c. The president of the LRCA does not have to reside in the state of Louisiana but all financial holdings of the LRCA must stay within Louisiana.
3. Secretary
 - a. The secretary-treasurer will not be elected, but will be appointed by the president. The person appointed must be approved by the board of directors and this person's salary must be determined by the president and board of directors.
 - b. The secretary-treasurer shall keep the minutes and other official reports of the association. This person shall conduct the official association correspondence and shall keep the records, books, documents, and papers relating to the association at such places as shall be designated by the board of directors.

- c. The secretary-treasurer shall keep account of all monies received by him/her and shall deposit it in the name of the association. He/she shall not pay or disburse any of the money of the association except for the purpose of the association. At an annual meeting of the members, he/she shall make a statement of the financial status of the association and a detailed report of its condition available for the preceding fiscal year.

MEETINGS

At least one general membership meeting shall be held during the year. The purpose of the general membership meeting will be to make recommendations regarding the rules, regulations, and procedures. The meeting will be held during the finals, for all final's contestants. Roll call will be taken during event meetings prior to the general membership meeting. The general membership cannot make or change the rules; they can only make recommendations to be presented to the board. All rules and changes to rules must be done by the board of directors. The president has the authority to call a special meeting at any time.

OFFICIAL RODEO RULES

ENTRIES

LRCA members entering rough stock or requesting slack may enter online or phone in his/her entry to the association secretary during the published date, time, and phone number shown on the LRCA website. LRCA members wanting to enter performances must phone in his/her entry to the association secretary at the published phone number during the published dates and times. Upon providing a valid membership number, and verification that the member is in good standing, the entry will be taken and no fees will be required until the said member reaches the destination. Upon arrival at the rodeo, member shall find the rodeo secretary and pay fees and fines due. No stock will be given until entry fees are paid. If a member fails to pay fees and fines prior to competition the member may be fined \$35.00 per event entered.

1. Books for any rodeo must be open for six hours.
2. Persons calling in to enter the rodeo may enter up to four persons, or four teams in the team roping, per call.
3. Rough stock contestants may enter a rodeo twice provided there are two performances. The contestant must pay two entry fees but only one \$5.00 call in charge. Contestant will be eligible to win two places, with each one counting for yearend standings. A contestant entering twice cannot compete on the same head of livestock at a single rodeo.
4. Any officer or director may periodically review the entering process at the entry office. Any discrepancies will be reported at the next board meeting for review and/or fine.
5. You must draw out of a rodeo prior to the close of the books and the draw being posted or you will be considered a turn out and subject to a \$35.00 fine for notified turn outs or \$100.00 fine for non-notified turn outs.
6. Notified turn out, vet releases, and/or dr. releases need to be completed on the turn out form at to.lrcarodeo.com or from the link on the website at lrcarodeo.com. Non-Notified turn outs will be \$100.00 per event. Notified turn outs will remain \$35.00 per event.
7. Late entries will be accepted at each rodeo, excluding the finals. Late entries will pay \$5 call in fee and it will be sent to the LRCA office with all other monies. Position draw for late entry is first in all events with the exception of barrels and late entries will compete last in barrels. The rodeo secretary should notify the LRCA office as soon as late entries are finalized.

8. There will be no checks accepted for rodeo entry fees at any LRCA approved rodeo or finals.
9. Any person entering any LRCA approved rodeo without purchasing a card will be required to sign a permit application and pay a \$10.00 permit fee, in addition to their entry fees prior to competition.
10. Any LRCA member entering an approved rodeo will be liable for their entry fees.
11. Entry fees will not be guaranteed. If contestant fails to appear and pay fees the payout will be adjusted and paid out according to the number of paid contestants. The contestant that fails to appear will be placed on the ineligible list until such time as \$35.00 fine is paid for notified turn outs or \$100.00 fine for non-notified turn outs per event. The fine will be distributed as follows \$5.00 call in fee will be deducted and distributed as defined below, the remaining portion will be paid as follows \$15.00 or \$20.00 stock charge to contractor of the rodeo and the remainder will be put in the event as added money at the finals. The contractor will receive his portion of fines collected at the finals.
12. Hometown contestants (to be considered hometown you must reside within a 50-mile radius of the sanctioned rodeo) will be taken, one time only, in any event.

Entry Fees

- Bareback Riding \$50.00 minimum - \$100.00 maximum
- Saddle Bronc Riding \$50.00 minimum - \$100.00 maximum
- Ranch Bronc Riding \$50.00 minimum - \$100.00 maximum
- Bull Riding \$50.00 minimum - \$100.00 maximum
- Barrel Racing \$80.00/\$100.00 (depending on added money)
- Breakaway Roping \$110.00
- Steer Wrestling \$90.00/\$110.00 (depending on added money)
- Calf Roping \$110.00
- Team Roping (per man) \$155.00

Contractors must specify the amount of their rough stock fees on all contracts. Any rodeo with \$500.00 or more added per event/end in the Team Roping will have fees of \$110.00 in the Steer Wrestling and \$100.00 in the Barrel Racing. Regardless of the amount of fees, the \$5.00 call in will be charged only once per contestant and should be deducted prior to any calculations.

*All fees listed above include the \$5.00 call in fee, which will be charged only once per contestant and deducted prior to any calculations. The association call in operators will take the call in for the rodeos and receive a fee of \$3.00 per contestant split equally between the two operators. The remaining \$2.00 per contestant will go to the association and be set aside for stock contractor contestant bonus. In order for a contractor to be eligible for the contestant bonus they must complete and sign a contract with the contractor name on it, with a minimum of 100 outs per rodeo. If that requirement is met the contractor will be eligible for \$2.00 per contestant entered at each LRCA first approved rodeo throughout the year, with a minimum of 100 outs, which will be payable at the finals.

Additional deductions from entry fees prior to payout calculation:

- 6% LRCA cost of operation fee (total fees, excluding \$5 call in, plus added money)
- \$2.00 judges fee per entry (\$1.00 per judge).
- \$0.50 secretary fee per entry.
- \$2.50 EOY award fee.

- \$10.00 for finals added money in Bareback, Saddle Bronc, Bull Riding, per end Team Roping, Girl's Barrel Racing, Breakaway Roping, Calf Roping and Steer Wrestling. This money is in addition to what the association agrees to add per event.
- Stock charge: \$15.00 in barrel racing, \$20.00 in all other events.

PAYOUT

1. A contestant must compete on every head of stock drawn for him/her in an event to place in the average.
2. Contestants are to be paid any money won in a complete go round.
3. Any money not picked up during the final performance by contestants must be in the LRCA office within 5 days after completion of the final performance. The LRCA will issue checks and mail them in a timely manner to the contestant.

Percentage Payout:

BAREBACK RIDING, SADDLE BRONC RIDING, RANCH BRONC RIDING, BULL RIDING

1 – 3	1 place	100%					
4 – 6	2 places	60%	40%				
7 – 9	3 places	50%	30%	20%			
10 – 20	4 places	40%	30%	20%	10%		
21 – 30	5 places	32%	25%	18%	15%	10%	
Over 31	6 places	29%	24%	19%	14%	9%	5%

BREAKAWAY ROPING, CALF ROPING, STEER WRESTLING

1 – 5	1 place	100%					
6 – 10	2 places	60%	40%				
11 – 19	3 places	50%	30%	20%			
20 – 29	4 places	40%	30%	20%	10%		
30 – 39	5 places	32%	25%	18%	15%	10%	
40 or more	6 places	29%	24%	19%	14%	9%	5%

BARREL RACING-Net Payout

Less than \$300.00	1 place	100%					
\$301 - \$600	2 places	60%	40%				
\$601 - \$1000	3 places	50%	30%	20%			
\$1001 - \$1500	4 places	40%	30%	20%	10%		

\$1501 - \$2000	5 places	32%	25%	18%	15%	10%			
\$2001 and up	6 places	29%	24%	19%	14%	9%	5%		
If first place exceeds \$1500.00, 8 places will be paid:									
	8 places	24%	19%	16%	13%	10%	8%	6%	4%

TEAM ROPING (per end)

1 – 5	1 places	100%							
6 - 10	2 places	60%	40%						
11 – 15	3 places	50%	30%	20%					
16 – 20	4 places	40%	30%	20%	10%				
21 – 25	5 places	32%	25%	18%	15%	10%			
26 or more	6 places	29%	24%	19%	14%	9%	5%		

If first is over \$1600.00 per man then eight places will be paid:

8 places	24%	19%	16%	13%	10%	8%	6%	4%
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If an error is made in figuring books at the close of a rodeo, any overpayment must be returned upon request, but until such time as it is returned the rodeo secretary will be liable to the association for any funds that were overpaid. Failure to return the overpayment will result in the contestant being placed on the suspended list. Any underpayment will be sent to the contestant. The standings will be adjusted accordingly.

4. Payout will be based on the number of paid entries per event except in the barrels where payout will be based on the net payout. In the barrel racing if first pays over \$1500.00 there will be 8 places paid instead of 6. In the team roping if first is over \$1600.00 per man there will be 8 places paid instead of 6. This payout is to be used for all LRCA first approved rodeos and jackpots.

GROUND MONEY

When there are not enough contestants placing in an event as there are monies to be paid the remaining places will be divided evenly among the contestants who placed. Ground money will count toward year-end standings at all regular season rodeos but ground money won at the LRCA finals will not count in the year-end standings.

If there are no qualified rides or times in an event at a rodeo, the prize money from that event will be split ½ to the contractor and ½ to the association with the association money being applied to that event at the finals.

POSTED MARKINGS

At the end of each go round, contestants will be allowed to see the records of all contestants in any event in which he/she competes. The review must occur during a time when the secretary and a judge are able to be present. Markings of riders must be announced after each ride during the performance but are unofficial until verified with the judge's sheets.

RODEO SECRETARY REQUIREMENTS

1. Rodeo secretaries should be on the grounds at least two hours prior to all performances or slack not in conjunction with a performance.
2. The rodeo secretary must make chips numbered with each individual stock number for all stock in contest events and must be drawn by the judges. A receptacle containing stock numbers must be visible so that any entrant may witness the draw. Failure to follow the stated drawing procedures may result in fine or suspension.
3. Rodeo secretaries must post the draw, barrier & barrel sheet, and results from each competition for contestant's review.
4. All rodeo secretaries must submit results to the association secretary the day following completion of the rodeo/jackpot. A standard detailed report and all monies collected and not dispersed at the rodeo, including call in fee for all contestants (even late entries), and all other required paperwork must be received by the association secretary within five days after completion of the rodeo. The association secretary will mail association checks to contestants not available to pick up prize money at the rodeo. Failure to follow the guidelines above will result in the stock contractor being fined \$100.00 for the first offense; and \$250.00 for each subsequent violation.
5. Rodeo secretary must list time or markings of winners with results, which are to be posted on the LRCA official website.
6. It is the responsibility of the rodeo secretary to see that each contestant has a current LRCA or co-sanctioning association card or purchases a permit to compete at any sanctioned event. The rodeo secretary is required to list the contestant's LRCA or co sanctioning association card number or permit next to contestant's name. Failure to do so can result in the secretary being held liable for the card/permit fees.
7. If the rodeo secretary fails to payout a rodeo as established by the rules of the association she will be liable to the association for any overpayment of monies to contestants.

GENERAL RODEO RULES

1. The LRCA provides its association rules for rodeo contestants and will insist that the rodeo management be held liable for fines, suspension, or both if not complied with.
2. In cases of a rained-out rodeo, a decision whether to reschedule the rodeo, at a later date will be left up to the producer or committee. After the conclusion of the first performance or subsequent performance, if additional performances remain and are rained out, the rodeo will be paid out as a jackpot and will not count in the rodeo count and any monies won will not count in the standings.
3. All secretaries, timekeepers, contract acts, bullfighters, pickup men, and announcers are required to hold a LRCA membership card. If a committee chooses to use some local talent to help promote interest in their rodeo for contract act, pick up man, announcer, or bullfighter a contractor may have two exemptions per year for a contract act card. If that person works another rodeo during that year, they must immediately buy a card. No one working under an exemption will be eligible for end of the year awards or to work the finals

4. The management assumes no responsibility or liability for injury or damages to the person, property or stock of any owner, contestant or assistant. Each participant by the act of his/her entry waives all claims against the stock contractor, LRCA or rodeo committee for injuries he/she or their property may sustain.
5. A rodeo with ground rules contradictory to or in addition to association rules must have said rules approved by the administration and the director of the event in which they apply and be posted for all contestants.
6. All current LRCA officers and board members will be allowed free admittance at all LRCA ground rule rodeos, no exceptions. Official pass cards will be issued to all officers and board members to show at that gate.

APPROVED RODEOS

1. When a contractor schedules a rodeo, he must submit a signed LRCA contract to the office at least 30 days in advance, in order for it to be listed on the official website. The information contained on that contract will be binding. If information needs to be corrected it must be done in writing and received by the office in time to be published prior to the books opening. When the books open the contract, information is what will be used for order of events in performance and slack, start time, and added money for results and standings. With the exception of bucking horses together due to lack of entries, any changes not made in advance of the rodeo and approved by the director or board may result in a fine to the contractor.
2. LRCA rodeos will be produced by approved stock contractors and be put on in accordance with LRCA rules. If a LRCA rodeo has hometown events and takes slack in those events all LRCA slack must be completed, before hometown slack is run in any event, unless otherwise approved by an officer or event director, due to slack contestants not yet being on hand to compete.
3. There will be a \$15.00 stock charge per entry in barrels and a \$20.00 stock charge in all other events unless otherwise noted.
4. Events with less than three contestants entered when the books close may be cancelled. A contractor may choose to leave entries open in any event with less than three entries. If the books are left open for an extended time and the event still does not have three entries, the contractor must decide and if the event is cancelled, the contractor must notify entered contestants by noon the day of the first performance.
5. Any event not cancelled by noon the day of the first performance must be held.
6. In order to be a LRCA ground rule rodeo there must be a minimum of \$100.00 added money per event/end in the team roping (\$900.00 total) at all rodeos. Team Roping is considered two events and therefore must have added money on both ends, which will be the same as all other timed events.
7. LRCA affiliated Team Roping jackpots must be approved by the event director before being produced. All LRCA rules will be strictly enforced. All money will be paid out in accordance with the stated rodeo payout, unless otherwise approved by the event directors. Winnings, as specified on the listing, will count toward the season standings but the event will not count in the rodeo count for the finals. Team roping jackpot payouts will not count in the all-around standings. LRCA will receive 6% of total fees plus added money. There will be a minimum of \$100.00 added per end. The flagger, secretary, and timekeepers must be a current cardholder.
8. LRCA affiliated jackpots must be approved by the event director before being produced. All LRCA rules will be strictly enforced. All money will be paid out in accordance with the stated rodeo payout, unless otherwise approved by the event director. Winnings, as specified on the listing, will count toward the season standings but the event will not count in the rodeo count for the finals and the winnings will not count in the all-around standings. Contestants may buy memberships or permits. LRCA will receive 6% of total fees/added money. There will be a minimum of \$100.00 added per event, unless otherwise approved by the event director, and the flagger, secretary, and timekeepers must be a current cardholder.
9. No event will count in the rodeo count that does not offer all rodeo events.

10. LRCA winter series rodeos or jackpots may be held without added money from November 1 through March 1. Personnel must be LRCA cardholders and the LRCA will receive 6% of the total payout, and in the event of no qualified rides or times ½ payout in that event will be sent to association to be used toward that event at the finals, in accordance with payout rules listed above. The money won will count in the standings for the upcoming year if the contestant has a current card, and buys a new card by the first membership rodeo of the year, or buys a card for the upcoming year prior to competition but the rodeo will not count in the rodeo count for the contestants or contractor. The fees, amounts withheld, other than as listed above, and person taking the entries at winter series rodeos are left up to the contractor/producer.
11. If a contractor would like to produce a winter series rodeo and have the rodeo count for both himself and the contestant for their performance/rodeo count the contractor must let the LRCA call in secretary take the books, and fees, added money, and payout must follow standard LRCA rodeo payout rules, and the LRCA must receive their percentage, permit charges, finals added, and EOY monies.

CONDUCT AT RODEO

1. If the management provides complimentary seats for the contestants, the association will urge the contestants to use such seats.
2. Timers, flagmen, and barrier judges for rodeo may not be changed after the first performance with the exception of sickness, injury, or through agreement of stock contractors, rodeo committee, and association officials.
3. The decisions of the judges, flagmen, and timers shall be final and only protested before the board of directors.
4. Should the occasion arise for representation at a rodeo, any member in good standing shall call the association office for instructions if no director or representative is present.
5. Anyone on the LRCA suspended list is not allowed in the arena at any LRCA approved rodeo.
6. It will be the responsibility of the rodeo producers (contractors/committee) to furnish security, medics, and a standby first aid auto at each rodeo performance and slack.
7. General rules: There must be a standard order of events at all rodeos. If there is any change of order, it must be approved by directors, indicated on the contract published and posted prior to call in. Standard Performance order is BB, SW, BAW, SB, CR, TR, GBR & BR; Standard Slack Order is GBR, SW, BAW, CR, and TR. Rough stock may be bucked in slack typically first or last. Based on entries a contractor may choose to buck horses together or buck two sections of bulls, or run slack in pens if entries are large. These changes must be made prior to the draw so they are reflected on the day sheets.
8. No contestant may enter the arena on horseback until participants in children's events or working with the contract acts have exited the arena.
9. No one except judges and flagmen shall be in the alleyway or arena during barrel racing. A contestant may refuse to run until this rule is complied with.

STOCK CONTRACTORS/PRODUCERS AND RODEO LIVESTOCK

1. In each timed event a stock contractor must furnish one-half enough cattle for the biggest day or one-third enough cattle for the total number of entries, whichever is greater. No animal may be run more than once during a performance. No animal shall have more than two runs in a day or three runs in a weekend.
2. If a contractor plans to use walking fresh cattle in any timed event, the event director and secretary must be notified prior to the books opening so that it may be posted. There must be a walking fresh one for every contestant entered in the event.

3. Stock used at LRCA ground rule rodeos is considered to be stock of the contractor listed as the Producer on the rodeo contract. As such, any stock that is deemed unsatisfactory due to poor conditioning, lack of preparation, setting up, kicking, ducking back, not within weight limits, old, or otherwise deemed unsatisfactory will result in a fine being issued to the contractor producing the rodeo and using the stock. The minimum fine will be \$50.00. The fine must be paid before any additional LRCA rodeos may be produced by said contractor and the animals must be removed from the herd for any future rodeo until they are inspected by event director or their designee and deemed satisfactory.
4. Any rodeo stock contractor/producer who advertises added money and fails to follow through will be placed on the suspended list. The \$100.00 added money per event/ per end in the team roping is mandatory, regardless of the number of entries. Team Roping is considered two events and therefore must have added money on both ends which will be the same as all other timed events.
5. It is the responsibility of the stock contractor/producer to see that all officials: announcers, bullfighters, pickup men, timers, secretaries, contract acts, judges, and flagmen have/purchase LRCA cards. Failure to adhere makes producer liable for the cost of the cards plus a \$25.00 fine. If a committee chooses to use some local talent to help promote interest in their rodeo for contract act, pick up man, announcer, or bull fighter a contractor may have two exemptions per year for a contract act card. If that person works another rodeo during that year they must immediately buy a card. No one working under an exemption will be eligible for end of the year awards or to work the finals
6. It is highly recommended by the LRCA, that Judges and Secretaries be paid a minimum of \$150.00 each per performance. If the rodeo offers morning slack, or slack not in conjunction with a performance, judges and secretary will be paid like a performance.
7. It is highly recommended by the LRCA, that timers be paid a minimum of \$100.00 each per performance. If the rodeo offers morning slack, or slack not in conjunction with a performance, timers will be paid like a performance.
8. Only cardholders, in good standing, are allowed in the arena.
9. Contractors must check and be sure that personnel and subcontractors are not on the fine list prior to use. If they are on the fine list and do not pay their fine prior to the rodeo an additional \$100 fine will be imposed and the contractor is to collect the entire amount and submit it to the office with the rodeo books prior to disbursing funds to said person
10. If the stock contractor/producer does not have promised added money or corporate sponsor at time of payoff, he will be liable for added money as advertised.
11. Contractors who produce a minimum of ten and not more than fourteen LRCA first approved performances during the period of time from the first membership rodeo of the year to the cut of date, which will be the second Saturday in October, are eligible for a bonus of \$2,000.00; contractors producing fifteen and not more than nineteen LRCA first approved performances during the named period, are eligible for a bonus of \$4,000.00; contractors producing twenty or more LRCA first approved performances during the named period will receive a bonus of \$6,000.00 which will be payable at the LRCA finals.
12. Contractors who have current rodeos that have not been LRCA ground rule rodeos for two years may choose to change the rodeo to a LRCA ground rule rodeo and receive a one-time \$500.00 bonus for two or more performance rodeos; or a \$250.00 bonus for a one performance rodeo that is returned to a LRCA ground rule rodeo. This bonus is also for any new rodeo brought in as a LRCA ground rule rodeo.
13. Contractors may designate one LRCA first approved rodeo for a Friday night performance bonus. The designated rodeo information will be shared on the LRCA FB page and any contestant who likes, comments, and shares the post and enters the Friday night performance will be placed in a drawing to have their fees paid in

one event. This is to help contractors with Friday night performance entries. The contractor must note the rodeo as his FRIDAY NIGHT PERFORMANCE BONUS RODEO on the rodeo contract.

14. All rodeo secretaries must submit results to the association secretary within 1 day of completion of the rodeo. A standard detailed report and all monies collected and not dispersed at the rodeo, including call in fee for all contestants (even late entries), and all other required paperwork must be received by the association secretary within five days after completion of the rodeo. The association secretary will mail association checks to contestants. Failure to follow the guidelines above will result in the stock contractor being fined \$100.00 for the first offense; and \$250.00 for each subsequent violation.

CONTRACT ACTS

1. The rodeo secretary, timers, pickup men, clowns, bullfighters, announcers, and contract acts, fall under the classification of contract acts.
2. Stock contractor must have two approved bull fighters.
3. Contract acts director and bull riding director will approve bull fighters.
4. All contract act members must be current card-carrying members.
 - a. Stock contractors must make sure that all personnel listed under contract acts have a current LRCA card before the first performance of an LRCA sanctioned rodeo. If said persons do not have current card, stock contractor deducts costs of card from wages earned and forwards the money to the LRCA office.
 - b. In the case of an emergency, such as sickness or accidents to personnel, the producer may hire a replacement, except for secretary, who has not purchased a LRCA card. This is limited to one rodeo.
 - c. In order to be eligible to work the LRCA finals, pickup men, bullfighters, secretaries, and timers must have worked at least six or more LRCA first approved performances within the current calendar year.
 - d. If a committee chooses to use some local talent to help promote interest in their rodeo for contract act, pick up man, or bull fighter a contractor may have two exemptions per year for a contract act card. If that person works another rodeo during that year they must immediately buy a card. No one working under an exemption will be eligible for end of the year awards or to work the finals.

JUDGES

1. Judges will be ranked on a scale of 1 – 4, with 1 being the most experienced, best judges and 4 being the least experienced judges.
2. Rankings will be established by the Judging Director, Contract Act Director, and a panel of current board members.
3. Contractors cannot use a person who has not judged an LRCA rodeo in the preceding year or has not attended a judging clinic and who is not currently on the LRCA judging list to judge a LRCA sanctioned rodeo unless approval is received from the Judging Director and board. All judges must be hired from an approved list of members who have attended a current year LRCA approved judging clinic. A judge may be added to the approved judges list by special approval of the board. Judges should have read and know the judge's handbook and rule book.
4. Rodeos with \$500.00 or more added money per event must have at least one judge that is ranked as a 1 and no judge ranked lower than a 2 judging the rodeo.
5. All contractors should have at least one judge that is ranked a 2 or above at every rodeo regardless of added money.
6. Any judge that has never judged a LRCA rodeo will need to shadow a top ranked judge (Number 1) at a minimum of at least one rodeo before being placed on the approved list of judges with a ranking. If after shadowing at one rodeo the judge being shadowed feels the judging candidate needs more knowledge the judging director

and judge being shadowed will discuss the number of additional rodeos the candidate may need to shadow before being ranked and placed on the approved list.

7. Judges rankings will be reviewed on a yearly basis by the judging director and panel of the board members/directors in order to maintain an accurate ranking system
8. Judging issues and rule violations should be reported to the judging director and/or event director to be addressed before the board.
9. If the judging director and/or board feel that a judge is not performing as expected he/she may be required to attend a yearly judging clinic until shuck time as he/she receives a higher ranking.
10. Any judge that has been actively judging LRCA rodeos for more than three years, has been judging in the current year, who is in good standing, with no issues and/or substantiated complaints, will only have to attend a judging clinic every other year. If they choose not to attend the annual clinic, in the year they do not attend the clinic they will have to contact the judging director to discuss any rule changes and sign a statement affirming they have reviewed the current judge's handbook and LRCA rulebook and are familiar with rule changes and how to enforce them.
11. Judges should be on the grounds at least four hours prior to the first performance and at least two hours prior to all other performances. Judges will inspect all livestock prior to the performance to be sure stock draw numbers are correct and that no animal is injured, sore, lame, sick, or has impaired eyesight. Should an animal be impaired it should be removed from the draw and if already drawn for a contestant a new animal should be drawn in its place.
12. All stock in contest events must be drawn by the judges from chips numbered with each individual stock number. A receptacle containing stock numbers must be visible so that any entrant may witness the draw. Failure to follow the stated drawing procedures may result in fine and/or suspension.
13. It is the responsibility of the line judge to verify the stock the contestant has drawn is loaded. If the wrong calf/steer is given to a contestant he/she shall be given the correct animal drawn for him and time on the incorrect animal will be disregarded. If the contestant chooses not to compete on correct stock drawn they will receive a No Time.
14. In order for a judge to receive contestant bonus money for any LRCA first approved rodeo they must attend a yearly judging clinic, or have signed the necessary documentation on the year in which they are exempt from attending, and must complete and submit the official judge's rodeo report, barrier and barrel sheet, detailed fine sheets, draw sheet, and their judge's sheet for each event to the rodeo secretary to be turned in to the association secretary with the books from the rodeo. Judges who are eligible for contestant bonus money will receive their money from the rodeo secretary at the rodeo. If there are problems with any of the paper work that is submitted to the Judging Director they will have a fine imposed and be ineligible to judge until such time as they are back in good standing with the association.
15. Timed event penalties are to be recorded on an official judge's sheet and signed by the line judge. Do not record anything official on a day sheet.
16. Judges, timers, and flagmen must be experienced. If the association does not consider the ones chosen by a given rodeo to have adequate experience, they will expect cooperation from the management in replacing unsatisfactory judge, timer, or flagman.
17. If there are reports of inaccurate calls or judges not knowing the rules made to the officers or directors the judge may face disciplinary actions including a fine or possible suspension from judging.
18. In order to remove a judge from the approved judges list, a petition of 50 contestants (all current cardholders) must be brought before the board by person initializing petition.
19. Any member who has been on the suspended list twice is automatically banned from the judges list.
20. Judges cannot enter and participate at any rodeo they are hired to judge.

DRAWING PROCEDURE

1. All stock in contest events must be drawn by the judges from chips numbered with each individual stock number. There must always be at least five copies of the draw, one copy being the official secretary copy. A receptacle containing stock numbers must be visible so that any entrant may witness the draw.
2. All stock will be drawn at least two hours before each performance, including slack. Morning slack must be drawn separately.
3. Performance and slack can be drawn straight through.
4. All stock in the draw in any event must have a first run before any stock in that event can have additional runs. Stock may be set in pens. No stock in any event will have more than one run in the performance, 2 runs in a day, or 3 runs total for the weekend.
5. There will be an extra drawn from the herd in each timed event for each performance and slack. If the original contestant draw is unable to be used the contestant will receive the extra drawn for that event in that performance or slack.
6. Two re-rides will be drawn before each performance,
 - a. Producer may hold any three feature animals out before re-ride draw.
 - b. Any stock drawn during each paid performance that is turned out automatically goes into re-rides. If more re-rides are needed, draw from the herd provided until all re-ride stock has been used.
7. No contestant may compete on the same head of stock at any one rodeo in the same event. If the contestant is entered twice they must compete on different stock each time.
8. In the event a roper mistakenly draws a steer/calf he has already roped, the judge will redraw the complete go round but will move down the list to the next eligible steer/calf. If a mistake in the draw is discovered after the go round is complete, there will be no redraw and all times will stand.
9. Positions shall be drawn for each performance and slack.

HUMANE TREATMENT OF RODEO ANIMALS

1. **General.** These rules are intended to ensure the humane treatment of rodeo animals and shall be in effect at all LRCA sanctioned events. No animal shall be treated inhumanely. Unintentional jerk downs are not considered inhumane treatment.
2. **Veterinarian.** A veterinarian shall be on-site or on-call at all performances and sections of slack.
3. **Sore, Lamé, Sick, or Injured Animal.** Animals for all events will be inspected before the draw and no sore, lame, sick, or injured animal, or animal with defective eyesight, shall be permitted in the draw at any time. Should an animal become sick or incapacitated between the time it is drawn and the time it is scheduled to be used in competition, that animal shall not be used in competition and another animal shall be drawn for the contestant.
4. **Humane Removal of Injured Animal.** Any injured livestock shall be humanely removed from the arena before continuing the rodeo contest or performance. A conveyance must be available, supplied by the rodeo committee, and shall be used, where practicable, to remove animals from the arena in case of injury. Conveyance must be large enough to remove a horse or bull. Injured calves shall be removed from the arena in a pickup truck, stretcher, or by conveyance. Animals removed from the arena pursuant to this rule shall be placed in a situation as isolated and comfortable as possible to reduce stress. The animal should promptly receive necessary care.
5. **Rowels.** No locked rowels, or rowels that will lock on spurs, may be used on bareback or saddle bronc horses. Spurs must be dulled.

6. **No Sharp Objects in Cinch, Saddle, Girth, or Flank Straps.** No sharp or cutting objects in cinch, saddle girth, or flank straps shall be permitted. All horse flank straps shall have a protective lining and be a quick-release type. Flank straps shall be placed on the horse so that the lined portion is over both flanks of the animal. In the bull riding, a soft cotton rope is acceptable as a flank strap.
7. **Movement and Loading of Livestock.** Standard livestock prods shall be used only to move and load livestock when necessary and the animal has an open gate or area in order to move forward. If a prod is used, the animal shall be touched only on the hip or shoulder area. Commonly accepted livestock moving tools such as sorting sticks and paddles are also acceptable, when used appropriately, to move and load livestock. Once livestock is loaded into the chute which it will compete out of, the prod may only be used when needed for the safety of the livestock, contestant, or personnel.
8. **Arena.**
 - a. **Construction of Chutes.** Chutes must be constructed to prevent injury to an animal. Maintenance men and equipment shall be available at chutes to assist in removal of any animal should it become necessary.
 - b. **Conditions of Arena.** The arena shall be as free as possible of rock, holes, and unnecessary obstacles.
 - c. **No Small Animals.** No small animals or pets allowed in the arena, unless they are part of a contract act.
 - d. **Removal of Livestock after Competition.** Livestock must be removed from the arena after each competition is completed.
9. **Neckrope Must be Used in Tie-down Roping.** A neckrope must be used. Calves may not be intentionally flipped backward. Contestant must adjust rope and reins in a manner that will prevent his horse from dragging calf. Rope is to be removed from the calf's body as soon as possible after the tie is approved. Roping calves shall be strong and healthy.
10. **No Stimulants or Hypnotics.** No stimulants or hypnotics may be given to any animal used for contest purposes.
11. **Animals Excessively Excited in the Chute.** Any animal that becomes excessively excited and/or lays down in the chute repeatedly, or tries repeatedly to jump out of the chute, or any way appears to be in danger of injuring itself, may be released immediately.
12. **Confinement and Transportation.** No stock shall be confined beyond a period of 24 hours without being properly fed and watered.
13. **Mistreatment of Animal.** Any contractor, personnel, contestant or anyone assisting them, such as but not limited to hazers, pushers, chute help, box help, etc. who mistreats an animal anywhere on the grounds of a facility in which a sanctioned LRCA rodeo is being held shall be fined and, depending on the severity of the offense, may be declared ineligible, suspended from LRCA privileges and/or expelled.

ROUGH STOCK EVENTS

1. Upon notification of the contestant by the judge he is the next rider to go the contestant should be above the animal with glove on when previous animal leaves the arena. When livestock is cooperating and ready based on the judge's assessment, if the contestant does not nod and call for their stock within 30 seconds the contestant will be fined \$25.00 for the first warning, \$50.00 for the second warning, and \$100.00 for the third and final warning. After that the delay results in automatic disqualification.
2. Judges markings are to be from 1 to 25 on the rider and 1 to 25 on the animal, having a total of 50 on each side, making highest possible score 100 with full point spread to be used. The rider and animal are to be marked

separately, marking the rider according to how much the rider spurs the animal and how much control he has during the ride, and the animal according to its performance.

3. If an animal scores seven or below, the contestant automatically receives a re-ride and the judge must immediately inform the contestant he is entitled to the re-ride.
4. If a bareback or saddle bronc horse turns out of the chute backwards the contestant will have a re ride option.
5. A stopwatch must be used by both judges in the rough stock events. The judge should start the time when the animal breaks the plain of the chute, and if either judge has 8 seconds on their watch when a rider's hand comes out of the riggin or rope, loses a stirrup on the saddle, or is thrown to the ground the rider will be given a score.
6. If an animal that is drawn in a riding event becomes sick or crippled before it is competed on, a judge must pass on the animal's inability to be used before it can be skipped or replaced in the draw.
7. When there are not enough contestants placing in an event as there are monies to be paid the remaining places will be divided evenly among the contestants who placed. Ground money will count toward year end standings, except at the finals.
8. If there are no qualified rides at a rodeo, that prize money will be split $\frac{1}{2}$ to the contractor and $\frac{1}{2}$ to the association with the portion going to the association to be used to for that event at the finals.

FIELD FLAGGER

During any event in which an animal escapes the arena, flag will be dropped and watches stopped. Contestant will receive the animal over lap and tap with time already spent added to the qualifying time. If time was not recorded, the decision of the flag judge will be final.

- If rope is on animal, roper will take the animal lap and tap with rope on in the chute.
- Contestant must notify flagger immediately whether or not he wants the stock back. Once he/she has been flagged out, he/she will receive no stock back.
- During calf roping the field judge will position himself at the end of the arena being able to come toward the roper. In steer wrestling, the field judge will place himself against the wall on the left side of the timed event box. In team roping, the field judge must position himself approximately thirty feet from the score line on left hand side of the box, directly in line with the heeler to help haze cattle. In the breakaway roping the field judge should be approximately $\frac{3}{4}$ quarters of the way down the arena against the fence on the right-hand side of the box for right handed ropers and on the left-hand side of the box for left handed ropers and must have a spotter across the arena from him/her.

GENERAL RULES FOR ALL TIMED EVENTS

1. If two contestants are riding the same horse and are drawn in position right together, they must ask secretary for a split (when possible) in order not to delay the rodeo. The split should be asked for at least thirty minutes before the start of the rodeo. If the contestant does not try to receive a split from the secretary, a \$10.00 fine may be imposed.
2. Stock used at LRCA ground rule rodeos is considered to be stock of the contractor listed as the Producer on the rodeo contract. As such any stock that is deemed unsatisfactory due to poor conditioning, lack of preparation, setting up, kicking, ducking back, not within weight limits, old, or otherwise deemed unsatisfactory will result in a fine being issued to the contractor producing the rodeo and using the stock. The minimum fine will be \$50.00. The fine must be paid before any additional LRCA rodeos may be produced by said contractor and the animals must be removed from the herd for any future rodeo until they are inspected by event director or their designee and deemed satisfactory.

3. In each timed event a stock contractor must furnish one-half enough cattle for the biggest day or one-third enough cattle for the total number of entries, whichever is greater. No animal may be run more than once during a performance. No animal shall have more than two runs in a day or three runs in a weekend.
4. If a contractor plans to use walking fresh cattle in any timed event, the event director and secretary must be notified prior to the books opening so that it may be posted. There must be a walking fresh one for every contestant entered in the event.
5. All Steer Wrestling Cattle must be steers.
6. Team roping cattle must all be the same sex, all steers or all heifers. There can be no mixed herd unless approved by the team roping director prior to the rodeo.
7. The electric eye must not be used in any timed events other than barrel racing. There must be two digital stop watches in hundredths of seconds. There will be two sets of timer sheets recorded, signed, and submitted to the association secretary. Each timer is to record their time on her/his watch on their timer sheet. There will be a main timer and a back-up timer and the sheets should reflect which is official and which is back up. Times are to be kept in hundredths in all events but Girl's Barrel Racing and times will be kept in 1000ths for the official time. Both timers must keep a back-up time in the Girl's Barrel Racing. Cell phone use is strictly prohibited while timing a rodeo. Any timer failing to abide by these rules will be fined \$25.00 for the first offense and \$50.00 for each subsequent offense during the year. There is a 30 second time limit in all events.
8. Upon notification of the contestant by the judge he/she is the next rider to compete the contestant should be ready to ride in the box/alley when previous animal/contestant leaves the arena. When livestock is cooperating and ready based on the judge's assessment, or the arena is clear and ready, if the contestant does not nod and call for their stock or begin their run within 30 seconds the contestant will be fined \$25.00 for the first warning; \$50.00 for the second warning; and \$100.00 for the third and final warning. After that the delay results in an automatic disqualification.
9. Contestant must enter and exit the arena quickly. If the judge determines the contestant is taking an unreasonable amount of time or holding up the rodeo it may result in immediate disqualification.

BARRIERS and SCORE LINES

1. A ten second penalty shall be added for breaking or beating the barrier. In all timed events, a barrier will not be considered broken unless the ring drops within ten feet of the post. Barrier equipment must be inspected by the judge before each timed event. Faulty equipment must be replaced. Barrier string should be changed every three runs. Decision is up to the barrier judge if barrier breaks at any point other than designated breaking point. If contestant obviously beats the barrier but barrier rope is broken and string unbroken, barrier judge may assess a ten second penalty. Otherwise, this shall not be considered a broken barrier.
2. All barrier and field penalties must be recorded on an official judge's sheet, signed, and turned in to the association secretary at the conclusion of the rodeo. Barrier and field penalties are not to be turned in on day sheets.
3. The line judge will drop a flag on the arena floor to signify a broken barrier and be sure that the timers have the penalty before removing the flag from the arena.
4. If the line judge removes a barrier from a contestant's time due to a malfunction he will also be sure the timers are notified and barrier penalty removed from the official time.
5. An automatic barrier must be used at all rodeos.
6. Judges are responsible for making sure barriers are in place and the proper length before the first performance. The barrier judge will check the equipment which includes pulleys, rope (not too much stretch or wear), rings, string/bands for neck rope and barrier and be sure there is an ample amount so the same string/bands is used

for everyone, it is the right size and strength, length of tail on the barrier not to exceed 10 inches, operate the gate several times to make sure it is in good working condition, measure width of chute, barrier flag is clearly distinguishable and visible to timers, and the marker for score line.

7. The length of the box is determined by hooking up the barrier and measuring from the center of the back of the box to the center of the barrier rope. The length of the box can't be changed after the rodeo starts.
8. Measure the height of the barrier from the ground 32 inches to 36 inches at pin, pulley and center of barrier.
9. All barriers in the timed events must be mounted where pulley and neck rope pull from the side of the chute. The pulley on the neck rope should be attached on the chute from 38 to 48 inches above the ground.
10. Length of neck rope with the pin in place and pulled tight is 18 inches short of the score line in the tie-down and breakaway roping and 24 inches short of the score line in the steer events.
 - a. Tie Down Roping and Breakaway Roping-At indoor rodeos the length of score will be the length of the box minus 4 feet. The minimum length score at outdoor rodeos will be the length of the box minus 3 feet, straight back. Approval of the event director is required if it is felt arena conditions and cattle do not allow for the barrier measurements above.
11. The score is the distance from a point on the ground directly below the pin to score line. Length of the score will be determined by measuring from score line to the ground directly under the pin with the pin in the barrier ring.
12. Barrier measurements will be recorded on the official sheet and posted by the secretary and referred to if necessary.
13. Flag judge will be sure that nobody stands close enough to tamper with barrier or equipment.
14. Once score line has been set in timed events, it will not change.
15. In order for a time to be considered official, field flag must be dropped.
16. If automatic barrier is stretched in front of a horse and fails to work but a time is recorded, contestant will get time and there will be no penalty for a broken barrier.
17. If barrier jerk line stays on the calf or steer, the roper or steer wrestler must take calf or steer over, regardless of time.
18. Stock belongs to contestant once he has called for it. There are only two exceptions: Rule #15 above, and if time is not recorded.
19. If the chute is on the opposite end of the arena, the barrier flag must be in front of horse or on a raised pole visible to timers.

RERUNS AND RE-RIDES

1. It is the contestant's responsibility to know the stock they have drawn in any and all events. If a contestant runs the wrong stock the time will be disregarded and the contestant will be required to compete on the correct stock drawn. If the contestant chooses not to compete on correct stock drawn they will receive a No Time.
2. In the event that one judge feels that a rider is entitled to a re-ride, the other judge will honor this. Re-rides must be given in all riding events. Re-rides will be given at a time set by the stock contractor.
3. If it is the opinion of the judges that a rider has made two honest attempts to get out on a chute fighting animal and is unable to do so, he may be awarded a re-ride.
4. If the stock contractor and contestant agree, such animal may be taken immediately before or after the performance.
5. If an animal runs off or stops, the rider has the option of taking the same animal over (providing the contractor is willing). Otherwise, the rider may have a re-ride drawn for him. If the rider takes the same animal over for the re-ride, it will be up to the producer to decide when the contestant gets his re-ride.
6. If the flank comes off or breaks, the rider is entitled to a marking, or a re-ride on the same animal, providing he makes an eight second, qualified ride.

7. If a pickup man interferes with a horse or the contestant, other than at the request of the contestant, the contestant is entitled to his score or a re-ride.
8. If an animal fouls a contestant in any way at the gate, the contestant will receive the same animal for a re-ride. If the animal stops or fails to buck, the contestant will receive the option for a re-ride.
9. If an animal runs into the fence and obviously affects the cowboy or the animal falls and/or stumbles to his knees, the rider will receive a re-ride at the discretion of the judges.
10. An animal must be taken out of the draw if it runs off three consecutive times. The producer and secretary shall be notified by the director of said event to keep the animal out of the draw until it has been approved to be returned by the director.
11. If a director sees any reason for taking an animal out of the draw, he is eligible to do so.
12. No re-rides will be given due to default or breaking of the contestant's equipment.
13. Rider gets a free roll if a horse has to be hot shotted.
14. No hot shots may be visible inside the arena at any time.

BAREBACK BRONC RIDING

1. Horse is to be furnished by the rodeo's stock contractor. One hand is to be used in Bareback Bronc Riding. Riders may use their own rigging if it is not over ten inches in width at hand hold and not over a six-inch D ring or not a freak. Judges are to decide on all riggings.
2. Stock contractor may call judge to pass on whether rigging is being set/cinched in a way that may cause harm to the horse. All cinches must be at least 5 inches wide. No riggings may have metal, fiberglass, or any other objectionable material protruding underneath the rigging.
3. All riggings must have a leather pad covering bar in front and protruding at least two inches behind the rigging.
4. Contestant will have the right to call a judge to pass on whether or not horse is properly flanked and cinched.
5. Horses will be ridden eight seconds, with time to begin when the horse crosses the plane of the gate.
6. If the horse turns out of the chute backwards the contestant will be awarded the option of a re ride.
7. No hot shot shall be used unless rider is notified and approves.
8. In the event the rider does not make an honest effort to get his hand out of the rigging, it will be left up to the judges and pickup men as to whether the rider should be brought before the board and fined. Fine not to exceed \$50.
9. A horse must be bucked at least three times before going into the draw.
10. A contestant is allowed one man to pull his cinches.

BAREBACK RIDING DISQUALIFICATIONS

1. Upon notification of the contestant by the judge he is the next rider to go the contestant should be above the animal with glove on when previous animal leaves the arena. When livestock is cooperating and ready based on the judge's assessment, if the contestant does not nod and call for their stock within 30 seconds the contestant will be fined \$25.00 for the first warning, \$50.00 for the second warning, and \$100.00 for the third and final warning. After that the delay results in automatic disqualification.
2. Riding with rowels that are locked or will lock or rowels that are too sharp in the judge's opinion results in disqualification.
3. Being bucked off before the eight second time limit results in disqualification.
4. Touching anything with rider's free hand, results in disqualification, at judge's discretion.
5. If the animal hits the fence while a ride is in progress and the contestant touches the fence but not to aid his ride, he shall not be disqualified.

STEER WRESTLING

1. The judge who is not flagging the field will be responsible for getting the neck rope on the steer and checking the barrier for length and proper operation. The judge must stand on the score line during every run.
2. Positions shall be drawn for each performance and slack.
3. A minimum of three steers will be penned when bringing back the stock.
4. Producer must furnish one-half enough cattle for the biggest day or one-third enough cattle for the total number of entries, whichever is greater. No animal may be run more than once during a performance. No animal shall have more than two runs in a day or three runs in a weekend.
5. If a contractor plans to use walking fresh cattle in Steer Wrestling, the event director and secretary must be notified prior to the books opening so that it may be posted. There must be a walking fresh one for every contestant entered in the event.
6. All stock in this event must be steers.
7. Contestants must furnish his hazer and horse. The steer must be caught from the horse. Only one hazer is allowed.
8. If steer gets loose, dogger may take no more than one step to catch the steer. After catching the steer, cowboy must bring it to a stop or change directions. If steer is accidentally knocked down or thrown by cowboy putting animal's horns into the ground, it must be let up on all four feet and then thrown. Steer will be considered down only when lying flat on its side or on its back with all four feet and head straight. The fairness of catch and throw will be left up to judges and their decision will be final.
9. Each contestant may have someone to push the steer out of the chute.
10. An automatic barrier must be used at all rodeos in steer wrestling. The length of the box is determined by hooking up the barrier and measuring from the center of the back of the box to the center of the barrier rope. The length of the box can't be changed after the rodeo starts. Measure the height of the barrier from the ground 32 to 36 inches at the pin, pulley, and center of barrier. All barriers in the timed events must be mounted where the pulley and neck rope pull from the side of the chute. The pulley on the neck rope should be attached on the chute from 38 to 48 inches above the ground. Length of the neck rope with the pin in place and pulled tight is 24 inches short of the score line in the steer wrestling. The score is the distance from a point on the ground directly below the pin to the score line. Length of the score will be determined by measuring from score line to the ground directly under the pin with the pin in the barrier ring.
11. A weight limit shall be placed on dogging cattle with a minimum of 450 pounds and a maximum of 650 pounds.
12. A ten second penalty shall be assessed in any case in which flag judges rule that the dogger's feet touched the ground before the flag line is crossed.
13. If dogger misses or loses his steer, the flagman must ask dogger if he wishes another jump. Dogger must reply immediately.
14. No penalty is assessed for breaking a horn.
15. Cattle used for steer roping, team roping, cutting, or any other events shall not be used for steer wrestling.
16. When fresh steers are used, any fresh steers not thrown during competition will be thrown down after the performance in which the steer went. Contestants will be responsible to throw down such steers under the supervision of the arena director.
17. Neck ropes may be tied with string or fastened with rubber bands. No metal snaps or hardware shall be used on neck ropes in any timed events. Whether using string or rubber bands whatever you begin using must remain the same throughout the entire rodeo. String must be changed every three runs.

18. The steer wrestling chute must have at least 30 inches clearance inside the chute and at the gate when in an open position.
19. Arena conditions will determine score length, which are to be set by arena director and are subject to change.
20. The score may be no longer than half of the distance of the box, unless other arrangements are made by steer wrestling director. It is recommended that this score length be used at all rodeos unless arena conditions are such that it should be less.
21. There should be two or more timers, a field judge, and a barrier judge. Times are to be taken between two flags.
22. Animals used for this contest should be closely inspected and objectionable ones eliminated. Contestants will not be required to compete on a crippled steer or one with a broken horn. Contestants will be disqualified if he attempts in any way to tamper with the steer or chute.
23. The producer must furnish a man who will be set at each performance to work the barrier around the steer's neck so that it will work properly and be fair for all contestants.
24. If contestant's steer stumbles and/or trips before the score line, the contestant will, at judge's discretion, receive a clean rerun only if the contestant declares himself.
25. All steers used in the steer wrestling must have clipped horns.
26. The steers for the steer wrestling max horn width of 28" from the outside at the widest point of the steers horns.
27. If the steer escapes from the arena the flag will be dropped and watches will be stopped. Contestant will be given the steer back with lap and tap start and time already spent will be added to the time used to qualify, plus any barrier penalties. If time was not recorded when the flag was dropped, the contestant will start lap and tap with 10 seconds on the clock.
28. If a steer is taken out of the draw by a director or producer, it cannot be placed back in the draw without the director's approval.
29. All times shall be recorded in hundredths of a second.
30. There is 30 second time limit to complete the run.
31. In drawing of stock, regardless of mistake, the redraw will be done from the mistake on. All previous runs will stand.
32. It is the contestant's responsibility to know the stock they have drawn. If a contestant runs the wrong stock the time will be disregarded and the contestant will be required to compete on the correct stock drawn. If the contestant chooses not to compete on correct stock drawn they will receive a No Time.

STEER WRESTLING DISQUALIFICATIONS

1. Upon notification of the contestant by the judge he is the next contestant he should be ready to compete when previous animal leaves the arena. When livestock is cooperating and ready based on the judge's assessment, if the contestant does not nod and call for their stock within 30 seconds the contestant will be fined \$25.00 for the first warning, \$50.00 for the second warning, and \$100.00 for the third and final warning. After that the delay results in automatic disqualification.
2. No pusher will be allowed to follow cattle out of the chute in the act of tailing cattle. This will result in immediate disqualification.
3. Hazer must not render any assistance to contestant while contestant is working with the steer. Failure to observe this rule will disqualify the contestant. Hazer will be disqualified for jumping a steer.

CALF ROPING

1. Positions shall be drawn for each performance and slack.
2. A minimum of three calves will be penned when brought back.
3. Each contestant may have someone to push calf out of chute.
4. Rope may be dallied or tied hard and fast. Contestant must rope calf, dismount, go down rope, throw calf by hand, and cross and tie any three feet. If calf is down when roper reaches it, the calf must be let up to its feet and thrown by hand. If roper's hand is on calf when the calf falls, the calf is considered to be thrown by hand. Rope must hold calf until roper gets his hand on calf. Tie must hold until passed on by the judge. Roper must not touch the calf after giving signal for time until the judge has completed his examination. If the tie comes loose or the calf gets to his feet before the tie has been ruled a fair one, the roper will receive a no time.
5. The flag judge will pass on the tie of the calves through the use of a stopwatch, timing six seconds from the time the horse takes his first step forward after the roper has remounted. Rope will not be removed from calf and rope must remain with slack until the field judge passes on the tie.
6. Flagger must watch the calf during the six second period and will stop the watch when the calf kicks free using the time on the watch to determine whether the calf was tied long enough to qualify.
7. The judge who is not flagging the field will be responsible for getting the neck rope on the calf and checking the barrier for length and proper operation. This judge must stand on the score line every run.
8. Roper may appoint one person to stand anywhere in the arena, within ten feet of the line. If hazer is not stationary, the contestant will receive a no time. Either the line or field judge has the say on disqualification.
9. If a calf is taken out of the draw by a director or producer, it may not be put back in the draw without the approval of the director.
10. Roping calves shall be changed when necessary and the contractors will be given two weeks to comply. If not changed, he will forfeit stock charge to the association.
11. Producer must furnish one-half enough cattle for the biggest day or one-third enough cattle for the total number of entries, whichever is greater. No animal may be run more than once during a performance. No animal shall have more than two runs in a day or three runs in a weekend.
15. Fresh calves shall be tied down and run through the chute at least 2 hours prior to the first performance or slack in which the calves are to be used. Each calf in the draw must be prepared in like manner and the preparation should be overseen by the judge and/or event director or his designee. The exception would be if there is a walking fresh calf for each contestant entered. If a contractor plans to use walking fresh cattle the event director and secretary must be notified prior to the books opening so that it may be posted. There must be a walking fresh one for every contestant entered in the event.
12. No fresh calves will be added to an old set of calves.
13. Calves should weigh between 180 and 250 pounds. Weight should not deviate more than 50 pounds from the smallest to largest calf.
14. No calf to be used in the draw for calf roping may be used in the calf scramble. If any calf used in the draw is used in the calf scramble the stock contractor will be fined as set out in rule 5 below.
15. If there must be a rerun of calves to complete the go round, all calves must be tied down before any more stock is drawn. If after a go round has been completed a fresh calf has to be used, the calf must be roped and tied before the draw. If extra calves have been tied at the rodeo, they will not be considered fresh.
16. Roping calf without releasing loop from hand is not permitted.
17. There will be a 30 second time limit to complete the catch and tie.
18. Contestant must adjust rope and rein in a manner that will prevent the horse from dragging the calf. Contestant must not receive assistance of any kind. If horse drags the calf more than 10 feet, the field judge may stop the horse and penalty for such offense can be assessed.

19. If the rope comes off the calf before the tie is complete, the six seconds will begin when the roper steps away from the calf.
20. The roper will be disqualified for removing the rope from calf after signaling for time but before the tie has been passed on by the judge, unless the horse or calf is in danger.
21. Automatic barrier must be used at all rodeos for calf roping. The length of the box is determined by hooking up the barrier and measuring from the center of the back of the box to the center of the barrier rope. The length of the box can't be changed after the rodeo starts. Measure the height of the barrier from the ground 32 to 36 inches at the pin, pulley, and center of barrier. All barriers in the timed events must be mounted where the pulley and neck rope pull from the side of the chute. The pulley on the neck rope should be attached on the chute from 38 to 48 inches above the ground. Length of the neck rope with the pin in place and pulled tight is 18 inches short of the score line in the calf roping. Tie Down Roping -At indoor rodeos the length of score will be the length of the box minus 4 feet. The length of score at outdoor rodeos will be the length of the box minus 3 feet, straight back. Approval of the event director is required if it is felt arena conditions and cattle do not allow for the barrier measurements above. The score is the distance from a point on the ground directly below the pin to the score line. Length of the score will be determined by measuring from score line to the ground directly under the pin with the pin in the barrier ring.
22. Breaking the barrier will result in a ten second penalty.
23. Neck ropes may be tied with string or fastened with rubber bands. No metal snaps or hardware shall be used on neck ropes in any timed events. Whether using string or rubber bands whatever you begin using must remain the same throughout the entire rodeo. String must be changed every three runs.
24. There shall be two or more timers, a field judge, and a barrier judge. Time is to be taken between two flags.
25. All calves used will be of the same type and confirmation. There will no mixing of Brahms or X-bred Brahms to a herd of Hereford or Angus cattle.
26. No hot shots will be used.
27. When drawing stock, regardless of the mistake the redraw will be from the mistake on. The previous runs stand.
28. If roper is fouled by neck rope, he can declare immediately and at the judge's discretion get the stock over.
29. All times shall be recorded in hundredths of a second.
30. If calf is injured, he will be removed by truck. Calf will not be let up in the arena.
31. It is the contestant's responsibility to know the stock they have drawn. If a contestant runs the wrong stock the time will be disregarded and the contestant will be required to compete on the correct stock drawn. If the contestant chooses not to compete on correct stock drawn they will receive a No Time.

CALF ROPING DISQUALIFICATIONS

1. Upon notification of the contestant by the judge he is the next contestant he should be ready to compete when previous animal leaves the arena. When livestock is cooperating and ready based on the judge's assessment, if the contestant does not nod and call for their stock within 30 seconds the contestant will be fined \$25.00 for the first warning, \$50.00 for the second warning, and \$100.00 for the third and final warning. After that the delay results in automatic disqualification.
2. If tie comes loose or calf gets to his feet before the tie has been ruled a good one, the roper will receive a no time.
3. The calf must have feet dangling down to be considered up.
4. Any intentional dragging of the calf before and after the roper mounts the horse will result in a no time.
5. Violation of the rules by producers will result in a fine of \$150.00 for the first offense. The second offense will be the same fine plus forfeiture of stock charge to the association.

6. Any intentional jerk down or cattle abuse will result in \$100.00 fine for the first offense and \$250.00 fine for the second offense.
7. Tampering with calves in pen or chute and/or tampering with the barrier will result in disqualification of the contestant.
8. All roping calves must be tagged so a contestant can visibly see the number from outside the arena fence. No two animals in the same event should be tagged with the same number. No contestant can enter the pen where stock is held without the judge or producer.

LADIES BREAKAWAY ROPING

1. The Breakaway Roping is open to females only.
2. Positions shall be drawn for each performance and slack.
3. There will be a thirty-second-time limit to complete the catch.
4. Ropes must be tied to the saddle horn with nylon string (provided by the judge/stock contractor) and must have a handkerchief or other colorful cloth attached to the rope at the saddle horn.
5. Penalty for misplacement of flag/handkerchief or string will be disqualification by the field flagger or line judge. No coils or knots allowed between the end of the rope and string.
6. The judge will flag the contestant anytime the rope breaks away from the horn, and a time will be recorded. If after dropping the flag the catch is determined illegal he will flag the contestant out and the timers will mark though the time record a no time- illegal catch.
7. A spotter must be used at all rodeos. The spotter should stand against the fence directly across the arena from the field flagger.
8. The judge who is not flagging the field will be responsible for getting the neck rope on the calf and checking the barrier for length and proper operation. This judge must stand on the score line during every run.
9. The contestant will receive a no time should she break the rope away from the horn with her hand. If the rope should dally around the horn, the contestant may ride forward, undally the rope and stop her horse to make the rope break away from the horn.
10. A legal catch is a bell collar catch; a bell collar catch is defined as passing over the calf's head and must not include an appendage including a figure eight over the tail.
11. The contestant must pass through the barrier before throwing her loop.
12. Breaking the barrier will result in a ten second penalty.
13. The contestant must be on her horse when a time is taken.
14. Each contestant may have someone push her calf out of the chute.
15. Roper may appoint someone of her choice to stand anywhere in the arena, within ten feet of the line. The hazer must remain stationary or the contestant will receive a no time. Either the line judge or field judge can issue the disqualification.
16. If a calf is taken out of the draw by a director or producer, it may not be put back in the draw without the approval of the director.
17. All times shall be recorded in hundredths of a second.
18. Roping calves are to be changed when necessary and the contractor will be given two weeks to comply. If not changed, he will forfeit stock charge to the association.
19. Calves must weigh a minimum of 180 pounds. Weight should not deviate more than 50 pounds from the smallest calf to the largest calf.

20. No calf to be used in the draw for breakaway roping may be used in the calf scramble. If any calf used in the draw is used in the calf scramble the stock contractor will be fined according to rule 5 under calf roping disqualifications.
21. Producer must furnish one-half enough cattle for the biggest day or one-third enough cattle for the total number of entries, whichever is greater. No animal may be run more than once during a performance. No animal shall have more than two runs in a day or three runs in a weekend.
22. No fresh calves will be added to an old set of calves.
23. If a contractor plans to use walking fresh cattle in the Breakaway Roping, the event director and secretary must be notified prior to the books opening so that it may be posted. There must be a walking fresh one for every contestant entered in the event.
24. Automatic barrier must be used at all rodeos for breakaway roping. The length of the box is determined by hooking up the barrier and measuring from the center of the back of the box to the center of the barrier rope. The length of the box can't be changed after the rodeo starts. Measure the height of the barrier from the ground 32 to 36 inches at the pin, pulley, and center of barrier. All barriers in the timed events must be mounted where the pulley and neck rope pull from the side of the chute. The pulley on the neck rope should be attached on the chute from 38 to 48 inches above the ground. Length of the neck rope with the pin in place and pulled tight is 18 inches short of the score line in the breakaway roping. Breakaway Roping -At indoor rodeos the length of score will be the length of the box minus 4 feet. The length of score at outdoor rodeos will be the length of the box minus 3 feet, straight back. Approval of the event director is required if it is felt arena conditions and cattle do not allow for the barrier measurements above. The score is the distance from a point on the ground directly below the pin to the score line. Length of the score will be determined by measuring from score line to the ground directly under the pin with the pin in the barrier ring.
25. Neck ropes may be tied with string or fastened with rubber bands. No metal snaps or hardware shall be used on neck ropes in any timed events. Whether using string or rubber bands whatever you begin using must remain the same throughout the entire rodeo. String must be changed every three runs.
26. Producer must furnish a man to feed the barrier rope out of the chute.
27. There shall be two or more timers, a field judge, and a barrier judge. Time to be taken between two flags.
28. All calves used will be the same type of confirmation. There will be no mixing of Brahmans or X-bred Brahmans to a herd of Herefords or Angus cattle.
29. Tampering with calves in pen or chute and/or tampering with the barrier will result in disqualification of the contestant.
30. In breakaway roping, if the calf escapes from the arena the flag will be dropped and watches will be stopped. Contestant will be given the calf back with lap and tap start and time already spent will be added to the time used to qualify, plus any barrier penalties. If time is not recorded, the decision of the flag judge will be final.
31. Barrier judge is responsible for changing barrier string.
32. No hot shots will be used.
33. If roper is fouled by neck rope, she can declare immediately and at the judge's discretion get the stock over
34. If roper has qualified time or catch in rodeo or in finals and no time was recorded, the roper will get a rerun and any penalties carried will be added on to the time.
35. All roping calves must be tagged so a contestant can visibly see the number from outside the arena fence. No two animals in the same event should be tagged with the same number. No contestant can enter the pen where stock is held without the judge or producer.
36. Upon notification of the contestant by the judge she is the next contestant she should be ready to compete when previous animal leaves the arena. When livestock is cooperating and ready based on the judge's assessment, if the contestant does not nod and call for their stock within 30 seconds the contestant will be fined

\$25.00 for the first warning, \$50.00 for the second warning, and \$100.00 for the third and final warning. After that the delay results in automatic disqualification.

37. It is the contestant's responsibility to know the stock they have drawn. If a contestant runs the wrong stock the time will be disregarded and the contestant will be required to compete on the correct stock drawn. If the contestant chooses not to compete on correct stock drawn they will receive a No Time.

SADDLE BRONC RIDING

1. Saddle bronc riding will be mandatory.
2. Each rider will provide his own equipment under regulation or will be disqualified and fined as a turn out.
3. Measurements for the saddle: rigging will be $\frac{3}{4}$ rigging with D ring pulling no further than the rear swells; cantle will not be more than five inches tall measured from back jockey to the tallest point; stirrups must be hung over the bar with fenders; seat shall be no less than fourteen inches long.
4. Riding rein and hand must be on same side. Horse is to be saddled in chute. Rider may cinch his own saddle or examine same to determine if satisfactory. Buck rein must be connected to halter.
5. Horses are to be ridden for eight seconds, with time starting when the horse crosses the plane of the chute.
6. Rider will have the right to call the judge to pass on whether or not the horse is properly saddled and flanked to buck its best. Middle flank belongs to the rider; however, contractor may have rider put flank behind curve of horse's belly.
7. If a horse is obviously pulled too tight, he may be asked to loosen his saddle at the discretion of the judge and contractor. Only dry rosin is to be used no glue. Judges can check the saddle before the rider mounts.
8. If a horse runs into the fence and obviously affects the cowboy, he is entitled to a re-ride, left up to the discretion of the judge.
9. If a horse turns out of the chute backward the contestant will be given the option of a re ride.
10. Contestant will be allowed one man to pull his cinch.

SADDLE BRONC RIDING DISQUALIFICATIONS

1. Upon notification of the contestant by the judge he is the next rider to go the contestant should be above the animal when previous animal leaves the arena. When livestock is cooperating and ready based on the judge's assessment, if the contestant does not nod and call for their stock within 30 seconds the contestant will be fined \$25.00 for the first warning, \$50.00 for the second warning, and \$100.00 for the third and final warning. After that the delay results in automatic disqualification
2. No re-rides will be given due to default or breakage of equipment of contestant.
3. Riding with locked rowels or rowels that are too sharp will result in disqualification.
4. Being bucked off will result in disqualification.
5. Touching anything with rider's free hand will result in a disqualification, but is left up to judge's discretion.
6. Changing hand on rein, or wrapping rein around hand will result in a disqualification.
7. Losing a stirrup will result in disqualification.

RANCH BRONC RIDING

1. All saddles will be stock saddles with no altercations or stirrup binds.
2. Contestants must spur the animal before he will be rewarded a re-ride.

3. No excessive tightening of cinch.
4. Stock contractor has the option of where the buck rein is attached.
5. Points will be given ½ for the animal and ½ for the contestant.
6. Points will be given for spurring and fanning with the contestant's hat.
7. Horses will be ridden for 8 seconds.
8. Halter must be plain with one rein.
9. Contestant can use free hand to hold to saddle, but not wrapped in any way in the strings or rope.
10. Contestants must be dressed in western attire (hat/helmet, boots, and long-sleeved button front shirt with collar). Chaps are optional.
11. Using sharp or locked rowel spurs will be grounds for disqualification.
12. Saddle and chaps shall be free of glue or any sticky substance.
13. Upon notification of the contestant by the judge he is the next rider to go the contestant should be above the animal when previous animal leaves the arena. When livestock is cooperating and ready based on the judge's assessment, if the contestant does not nod and call for their stock within 30 seconds the contestant will be fined \$25.00 for the first warning, \$50.00 for the second warning, and \$100.00 for the third and final warning. After that the delay results in automatic disqualification

TEAM ROPING

1. Team Roping is considered two events and therefore must have added money on both ends which will be the same as all other timed events.
2. There will be a five second penalty for roping one heel.
3. If it becomes necessary for a partner change after the entries close, notification should be made to the association secretary and/or rodeo secretary as soon as possible. A substitute may be someone that is already entered or someone not entered but as a result of the entry change the team will move to first out in the performance or slack where this change occurs. When a partner is substituted, stock will be run that is already drawn if substitution is made after the draw is concluded.
4. The entry fee shall be per man, not per team. The number of entries will be determined by number of teams.
5. The roper will be fined for circling the arena prior to the time he is to compete. No ropes will be removed in the arena unless necessary.
6. An automatic barrier must be used at all rodeos in team roping. The length of the box is determined by hooking up the barrier and measuring from the center of the back of the box to the center of the barrier rope. The length of the box can't be changed after the rodeo starts. Measure the height of the barrier from the ground 32 to 36 inches at the pin, pulley, and center of barrier. All barriers in the timed events must be mounted where the pulley and neck rope pull from the side of the chute. The pulley on the neck rope should be attached on the chute from 38 to 48 inches above the ground. Length of the neck rope with the pin in place and pulled tight is 24 inches short of the score line in the team roping. The score is the distance from a point on the ground directly below the pin to the score line. Length of the score will be determined by measuring from score line to the ground directly under the pin with the pin in the barrier ring.
7. Each team can appoint one man to stand on the line to haze cattle. The hazer is not allowed to move.
8. There will be no supplementing team roping steers from the steer wrestling herd, unless previously approved.
9. Animals will be inspected and objectionable ones will be eliminated before the draw.
10. All animals in this event must be the same sex. They may be either all steers or all heifers, but there can be no mixed herd unless prior approval is received from the event directors.
11. Steers used for team roping cannot be used for any other event.

12. Producer must furnish one-half enough cattle for the biggest day or one-third enough cattle for the total number of entries, whichever is greater. No animal may be run more than once during a performance. No animal shall have more than two runs in a day or three runs in a weekend.
13. If a contractor plans to use walking fresh cattle in the Team Roping, the event directors and secretary must be notified prior to the books opening so that it may be posted. There must be a walking fresh one for every contestant entered in the event.
14. There shall be two or more timekeepers, a score line judge, a field judge, and a qualified person to jerk the line around the steer's neck and feed the jerk line from box.
15. If the flagger flags out a team which has loops coming, team shall get animal back, lap and tap with the same catch on the head of the steer that had been roped. Five seconds will be added for each loop thrown.
16. The animal belongs to the contestant after crossing the score line. Exceptions being if the animal gets out of the arena, the flag will be dropped and time will be stopped. Contestant will get the animal back, lap and tap with the same head catch if the animal has been roped. Time when the animal left the arena will be added to the final time.
17. The contestant must hold dallies until the flagger passes on catch.
18. Contestants are not allowed to change the catch by rubbing rope over the horn or nose by hand to make a bad catch legal. Loops may be fished on.
19. Time is to be taken when the steer is roped by both ends in a direct line, with horse on all four feet. Horses shall be facing steer in "L" or better, with ropes tight, dallied or tied.
20. Team roping steers must weigh a minimum of 400 pounds and a maximum of 600 pounds.
21. There are only three legal head catches: around the horns, around the neck, and half head. All other catches are illegal.
22. Any heel catch behind both shoulders is legal if rope comes on from around the heels.
23. When one partner in the team roping does not show, the other partner will have the right to choose another partner. No contestant may go more than once to make up the team. The rodeo secretary must be notified before the draw. After one man is declared a no show (at least 30 minutes before the performance) and another partner is substituted, the original team cannot reform. The new partner that fills in is responsible for fees. The partner that does not show will pay a \$35 turn out fine.
24. Steers will be numbered and drawn before each performance.
25. In the event a roper mistakenly draws a steer he had already roped, the judges will not redraw the complete go round but will move down the list to the next eligible steer. If a mistake in the draw is discovered after a go round has been completed, there will be no redraw and all times will stand.
26. The neck rope must be ½ inch or larger.
27. If a steer fails to trip the barrier, the cowboy will get a rerun on the same steer before another contestant runs the same steer.
28. If a roper is fouled by any moving part of the barrier, he can declare immediately and get the steer over (with the judge's discretion). If the rope is thrown, he cannot declare.
29. Neck ropes may be tied with string or fastened with rubber bands. No metal snaps or hardware shall be used on neck ropes in any timed events. Whether using string or rubber bands whatever you begin using must remain the same throughout the entire rodeo. String must be changed every three runs
30. All times shall be recorded in hundredths of a second.
31. Team will have a 30 second time limit to complete the run.
32. Ropers cannot rope the same steer twice.

33. It is the contestant's responsibility to know the stock they have drawn. If a contestant runs the wrong stock the time will be disregarded and the contestant will be required to compete on the correct stock drawn. If the contestant chooses not to compete on correct stock drawn they will receive a No Time.

TEAM ROPING DISQUALIFICATIONS

1. Upon notification of the contestant by the judge he/she is the next contestant he/she should be ready to compete when previous animal leaves the arena. When livestock is cooperating and ready based on the judge's assessment, if the contestant does not nod and call for their stock within 30 seconds the contestant will be fined \$25.00 for the first warning, \$50.00 for the second warning, and \$100.00 for the third and final warning. After that the delay results in automatic disqualification.
2. Animal not being on his feet when roped by either end will cause the roper to be disqualified.
3. Using more than two ropes per team is illegal.
4. Failure to head steer before heeling will result in a no time.
5. Unnecessary rough treatment of the steers shall cause disqualification.
6. Illegal head catches, lost or broken ropes, dismounting during a run, rope in steer's mouth, and front foot in heel catch will all cause disqualification.
7. There will be no cross firing. The steer's body must be changed completely and moving forward before the heel loop can be thrown. If the steer stops, no fault of the roper, the steer must begin moving before heel loop is considered legal.
8. All team roping steers must be tagged so a contestant can visibly see the number from outside the arena fence. No two animals in the same event should be tagged with the same number. No contestant can enter the pen where stock is held without the judge or producer.

LADIES BARREL RACING

1. Competent and experienced time keepers and flagmen must be used in the ladies' barrel racing event.
 - b. Both judges are required to be present during the barrel race, with one judge flagging the line and the other judge across the arena to see that a qualified cloverleaf pattern is run.
 - c. The flagman is not to leave his place unless it is visibly marked.
 - d. Judges' place is to be outside pattern when flagging.
2. If a barrel is knocked down, the judge not flagging the line will reset the barrel in its proper place.
3. Judges, or someone a judge has appointed, are the only ones to reset the barrels.
4. Timers must be staked at the center of tripod for electric eye.
5. Barrel racers in the LRCA rodeos must hold a current LRCA membership card prior to competing in order for the points to count toward LRCA awards.
6. A LRCA barrel racer may win points if there are at least three paid entries in the event. In the event of only one paid entry, the contestant may take the entire purse but it will not count toward the year end standings.
7. A LRCA barrel racer in the top twelve at the close of the calendar year must attend the finals and contest to be eligible to receive her award. The only acceptable excuse for not attending will be due to injury, illness or death in the family.
8. Contestants are required to wear western clothing, full front closure collared long sleeve shirt, hat/helmet, and boots in the arena at all times. This includes the grand entry and the barrel race event. Colored jeans or blue

jeans may be worn. An honest effort must be made to dress nicely. Shirts must be full length and tucked in at all times.

9. Barrel racers will ride as a group in the grand entry if asked to do so and given reasonable advance notice.
10. Contestants must run in the order they draw and, in the performance, they enter. Positions may be drawn by the secretary or a judge when other events are drawn.
11. There must be an electric eye along with a backup digital stopwatch and a flagman.
12. All contractors must furnish timers and be responsible for setting them up at each rodeo. If the producer does not have an electric eye at the rodeo, the money paid to the producer is to be refunded to the barrel racing director and used for awards.
13. Any time keeper entered in the barrel race cannot time the barrel racing event.
14. Timing will begin as soon as the horse's nose reaches the starting line and will be stopped when the horse's nose passes the finish line.
15. If for some reason the timer breaks completely on three runs, stop watches will be used for everyone and the points will count.
16. Barrels must be staked and set in a cloverleaf pattern. Timer tripod must be staked.
17. Barrels must be staked with brightly colored stakes, taped, and written down and given to the secretary before the first performance of the rodeo. This must be done by a judge and barrel racer for correct distance. Barrel racing director will appoint a contestant to be responsible for measuring and staking the barrels at least one hour prior to the performance.
18. Barrels are set on the inside of the stakes.
19. A barrel racer's husband or relative that is judging a rodeo may not stake the barrels unless assisted by a different barrel racer.
20. Barrels one and two will be at least 18 feet from the fence. The third barrel will be at least 25 feet from the back fence. If arena size permits, the score line will be no more than sixty feet from the first barrel. There will be no more than 90 feet from the first to second barrel, and no more than 105 feet from the second to the third barrel. Timers and flagmen position will be staked no more than 45 feet from the alley.
21. The arena and alley, including area by the chutes, is to be clear during the barrel race event. Barrel racer is not required to begin her run until the arena and alley are clear.
22. Approved LRCA patterns will be used at each LRCA rodeo when possible. Copies of patterns shall be sent to the secretary of the rodeo and used by the judges to stake the barrels.
23. Barrel racers request that the barrels be painted any color that can be easily seen. No tires are allowed on the barrels. Barrels must be fifty-five-gallon drums. Barrels must have both ends on them. Producers are responsible for this and will be fined if not.
24. If the electric time is missed, the barrel racer will rerun after the performance if she chooses to do so. If not, she can take the stop watch time.
25. If a rerun is given for any reason, the contestant will wait until after the performance to run. Decision to run will be made by contestant. Any penalties during the original run will be added to the rerun. If entire performance is rerun because barrels are not in original places, all penalties are disregarded.
26. If the barrels are not placed correctly on the stakes, or the timers or flagmen are not in the correct place, things must be put in correct order and all contestants who ran incorrectly must rerun with no penalties. If this happens, contestants and judges should be notified, and then judge and producer will set the time for reruns.
27. A contestant will be granted a rerun after the performance if the horse falls and the belly of the horse touches the ground during her run at the finals. Penalties will be carried. Rerun is given at the judge's discretion.

28. There will be no practice runs allowed, nor are horses to be taken around stakes after the barrel pattern is set and staked by the judge for the rodeo. Violators will pay a fine of \$100.00 and the times will not count for the rodeo.
29. Exhibitions may be made, with the approval of the producer, only after all paid contestants compete in the performance and slack. Dress code is still enforced. Exhibition runs may not be made prior to the qualified run if contestant is entered in the rodeo.
30. A crippled or sick horse will not be accepted as reason to withdraw from the rodeo unless there is a proper vet release. Two vet releases are allowed per year. The LRCA secretary must be notified no later than 3 hours prior to the performance the contestant is entered. The physical release must be received by the LRCA office within 5 days after said rodeo.
31. In case of dispute, the rodeo will proceed without delay under the LRCA rules. Any contestant causing an altercation or arguing with judges will be asked to leave the arena and is subject to disqualification.
32. All complaints must be made to the LRCA office in writing along with a \$25.00 fine. It will be brought before the board for a decision, and the complainant may attend. If the complaint is justified, the fee will be returned.
33. If there are any misunderstandings or questions about the barrel racing, the director must be contacted immediately. The current director's name and telephone number will be listed on the website.
34. Any change in the barrel race in regard to running in and out of the arena is to be announced over the intercom at the rodeo. Draw must be posted before the rodeo performance and cannot be changed.
35. A barrel racer's name will be called three times within a reasonable length of time for her to enter the arena. If she fails to do so, she will be flagged out and forfeit her entry fees.
36. Fees/fines will be waived if the judge deems ground conditions too dangerous to compete.
37. The entrance to the arena and the entire alley way must be clear during the barrel racing. No producers, stock contractors, personnel, or bull riders are allowed in the alley way or the arena during the barrel racing competition. A barrel racer may allow an attendant to assist her in the barrel racing, at her request only. Any person in violation of this rule is subject to penalty, including a fine or disqualification. This rule is to protect the safety of all contestants and horses and will be enforced by the arena director.
38. If an open barrel race is held during an LRCA rodeo, it must run after the LRCA barrel race. This also applies to junior barrel racing if not held as separate performances. The barrels must be moved no less than 15 feet backward or forward from the official LRCA stakes.
39. A barrel racer is not to whip or abuse her horse in public view. This includes the arena, alleyway, and behind the arena.
40. Barrel racing will be the first event in the slack following completion of the rough stock unless otherwise noted.

LADIES BARREL RACING DISQUALIFICATIONS

1. Upon notification of the contestant by the judge she is the next contestant she should be ready to compete when previous contestant leaves the arena. When the arena is clear and ready, if the contestant does not begin her run within 30 seconds the contestant will be fined \$25.00 for the first warning, \$50.00 for the second warning, and \$100.00 for the third and final warning. After that the delay results in automatic disqualification.
2. Contestants will be disqualified if after crossing the score line and being flagged by judge as beginning of the run, she re-crosses the score line before completion of a true cloverleaf pattern.
3. Contestant is disqualified if her hat/helmet is not on her head when she enters the arena. The alleyway is not considered part of the arena.
4. If a contestant knocks over a barrel, there will be a five second penalty for each barrel.

5. If the contestant knocks a barrel over and it stands up again on its other end, the barrel will be considered knocked over and the five second penalty will be added to the official time.
6. If all barrels are standing when the contestant crosses the score line, it is considered a qualified run. It is considered a qualified run if a barrel falls after the contestant is flagged and timed.
7. A contestant will not be penalized or disqualified for touching a barrel.
8. If the timer fails to work during a run, a hit barrel will be carried on the rerun.
9. Barrel racers will be disqualified and subject to fine for taking a horse around the barrel stake or making a practice run after the pattern has been staked by the judge for the rodeo. (see rule 28 above)

BULL RIDING

1. Bull must be ridden for eight seconds; with time starting when animal's inside shoulder passes the plane of the gate. Both judges must have stop watches.
2. Any bull rider under the age of 18 must wear a helmet and all bull riders regardless of age must wear a protective vest in order to compete.
3. Riding is to be done with one hand and loose rope, with or without handhold. No knots or hitches to prevent rope from coming off of bull when rider leaves chute will be permitted. Ropes must have a bell, with bell being under the bull's belly.
4. Bulls having bad horns must be dehorned, horns tipped the size of a quarter, or taken out of the draw.
5. If rider makes a qualified ride with any part of the loose rope in the riding hand, he is to be marked.
6. Rider will have the right to call judges to pass on whether or not the bull is properly flanked to buck its best.
7. If the bull has run off or stopped three consecutive times, he must be taken out of the draw until he is approved by the bull riding director.
8. If a qualified ride has been made and a bull stops, the rider has the privilege of taking the same bull back or he may have a redraw. If the rider takes the bull back, he must take that marking.

BULL RIDING DISQUALIFICATIONS

1. Upon notification of the contestant by the judge he is the next rider to go the contestant should be above the animal when previous animal leaves the arena. When livestock is cooperating and ready based on the judge's assessment, if the contestant does not nod and call for their stock within 30 seconds the contestant will be fined \$25.00 for the first warning, \$50.00 for the second warning, and \$100.00 for the third and final warning. After that the delay results in automatic disqualification
2. The rider will be disqualified for being bucked off before the eight seconds, using sharp spurs, or for touching anything with his free hand.
3. Ropes cannot be used that have any knots, wires, or other aids for the purpose of placing spurs therein.
4. No re-rides will be given due to default or breakage of contestant's equipment.
5. No object should be placed in or under the rope or pad to slow or hinder the bull.

LRCA FINALS RODEO

1. The cutoff date for points will be the second Saturday in October.
2. Association finals of other associations will not count towards money earned.
3. The finals payout will be based on the rodeo payout scale in each go round, and in the average or as determined by the event director and/or board.
4. Producers who produce a minimum of six LRCA first approved performances will be given first priority to bring stock to the finals but the final decision of what stock will be at the finals remains with the event director and finals contestants for each event.
5. Any contestant turning out of any performance during the finals will be subject to fines of not less than \$100.00, unless otherwise determined by the board because of extenuating circumstances, and will forfeit any average or year-end awards. Average or year-end awards will go to the next qualified contestant.
6. To qualify for the finals in rough stock events, contestants must be a member in good standing, in the top ten money earners in the Bareback & Saddle Bronc Riding or in the top twelve money earners in the Bull Riding and have competed in at least five (5) LRCA first approved rodeos.
7. To qualify for the finals in timed events, contestants must be a member in good standing, in the top twelve money earners and have competed in at least eight (8) LRCA first approved rodeos.
8. Order of qualifications if not enough to fill the top twelve spots; 10 in the Bareback and Saddle Bronc Riding:
 - a. Contestants who have competed in at least five LRCA first approved rodeos in rough stock events or eight LRCA first approved rodeos in timed events and are not in the top 10 money earners in the Bareback Riding and Saddle Bronc Riding; or top 12 money earners in any other event.
 - b. Contestants with money won but not meeting the rodeo count.
 - c. Contestants with rodeo count and no winnings.
9. All fees must be paid in full to approved LRCA rodeos held during the season.
10. All qualifications will be based on approval by board of directors.
11. The top 20 in each event must vote when the ballot is published if they plan to enter the finals or they will be assessed an additional \$100.00 for fees which must be paid with the fees prior to the finals or you will not be considered entered. Voting information will be published on the website and Facebook.
12. Any contestant entered and competing in all rounds at the finals is eligible for average awards.
13. Entering the finals is to be conducted as a regular rodeo opening and closing at a specified time. At the time of entering, the top 20 in each event should call in to enter. If the 21st place is needed to fill the slots, the event director will call to fill the position.
14. Any finals eligible contestant, who has the rodeo count, money won, and voted, but fails to enter during the designated times will be contacted by the event director when the books close at 9 PM. The eligible contestant will have until 10 PM to call and enter but must pay a \$250 fine for late entry. After 10 PM they will be passed over and the next contestant in line will be allowed to compete. If the contestant did not vote they will only be

allowed to enter during open entry times and must pay the \$100 fine or they will be passed for the next qualified contestant.

15. If an event does not have six contestants entered for the finals, the board may vote to exempt the event and make the last rodeo of the year be final. All champion and rookie awards will be distributed at the finals.
16. If there is a problem with finals stock, a drawn animal escapes, is deemed unfit, gets hurt, etc., the extras, which were specified during the draw will be used as replacement stock for the contestant.
17. To be eligible for bucking stock of the year, the animal must be owned by someone holding a current contractor card in good standing, have been listed on LRCA contracts as a rodeo producer, and be LRCA finals eligible. To be finals eligible the animal must have been bucked at a minimum of one LRCA ground rule rodeo.
18. Contractors holding a current contractor card in good standing, having been listed on LRCA contracts as a rodeo producer, may nominate one finals eligible animal in the Bareback Riding, Saddle Bronc Riding, and Bull Riding to be considered for stock of the year. Animals nominated by the contractors for stock of the year will be placed on the finals ballot and voted on by the top 20 contestants in their respective event. In the case of a tie the nominated animals will be out during the Saturday night performance and the nominated animal with the highest animal score from the two judges will be the Stock of the Year. In the case of a tie in animal scores by the judges the back judge will also mark the animals and his score will be the tie breaker deciding Stock of the Year.
19. All finals eligible stock contractors will receive a stock contractor buckle at the finals.
20. Contestants will vote for Stock Contractor of the Year based on finals eligible contractors.
21. The board will determine eligible personnel and other items to place on the finals voting ballot.
22. The top 20 contestants from each event will vote for association finals personnel in addition to announcer of the year, secretary of the year, and contract act of the year.
23. Personnel will include time keepers, secretary, judges, bull fighters, pickup men, and any others determined.
24. The top 20 in bareback and saddle bronc riding will elect the pickup men, and select bucking horses for their event at the finals from those eligible. For stock to be eligible it must be owned by someone holding a current contractor card in good standing and been bucked at a minimum of one LRCA ground rule rodeo, unless otherwise determined by the board. All contractors meeting the requirements will be considered first for stock.
25. The top 20 in bull riding will elect the bull fighters, and select bulls for their event at the finals from those eligible. For stock to be eligible it must be owned by someone holding a current contractor card in good standing and been bucked at a minimum of one LRCA ground rule rodeo, unless otherwise determined by the board. All contractors meeting the requirements will be considered first for stock.
26. All decisions must be approved by the administration.